The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER X.

Elias Edleman, age 18, Rebersburg, Pa. Mustered with the company, at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Too short in stature to be mustered as a fighting soldier in the U. S. Army, he was mustered in as a musician. Being of frail constitution, he was transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps April 14th, 1864. Discharged at Washington June 1865; died some years after the war.

Jacob Emerick, age 22, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Fearfully wounded (top of the skull shot away and the brain laid bare) in the battle of Chancellorsville, Va., May 3rd, 1863, and permanently disabled for field service. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps March 17th, 1864. Discharged September 6th, 1864.

Isaiah Fulmer, age 18, Wolf's Store, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Shot through the head and taken prisoner in battle at Po Rive, Var., May 10th, 1864, was taken to Richmond, Va., where his wound was healed. Then sent to prison camp at Petersburg, Va., where he died of fever on September 14th, 1864. Buried in National cemetery, Poplar Grove, Petersburg, Va. (See note above.)

William Fulmer, age 20, Wolf's Store, Pa. Mustered with the company, at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862 Killed in battle at Po River, Va. May 10th, 1864. Buried on the Battle field; grave unknown.

Levi H. Fulmer, age 25, Rebersburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862 Had served in the three months' service in the summer of 1861. Physically unfitted for real service in war, he was discharged on Surgeon's certificate of general disability, February 11, 1863. The three Fulmers were brothers.

Griffin Garrett, age 18, Rebersburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Died in General Hospital at Potomac Creek, Va., May 11th, 1863, where he was buried.

Samuel Gilbert, age 21, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Shot through the ankle in battle at Po River, Va., May 10th, 1864 and permanently disabled for field service. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps doing duty at Washington, D. C., September 11th, 1864. Discharged at Washington, D. C., June 17th, 1865; died at Zion, Pa. some years after the war.

Adam Grim, age 25, Madisonburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Served as Pioneer during 1863 and 64. Taken prisoner in battle at Ream's Station, Va., ten miles south of Petersburg, August 25th, 1864. Paroled at Salisbury, N. C., March 14, 1865. The two Grims were brothers.

John Grim, age 21, Madisonburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Wounded in battle at Deep Bottom, Va., north of the James River, August 15th, 1864. Returned to Regiment, December 1864. Discharged with the company at Harrisburg, Pa., June 7th, 1865.

Martin Grove, age 21, Penn Hall, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Died in Regimental Hospital near Fredericksburg, Va., February 17th, 1863. Buried in the burial plot of the 148th Regiment, P. V., the same day. He was nearly frozen to death while on picket at the Rappahannock River, where, by reason of the beastly cruelty of the Generals commanding the army, we were not allowed to have fires all winter. He was unconscious for an hour, and we revived him with difficulty. He was very frail afterwards, and fell an easy victim to the epidemic fever, which swept through our Regiment.

Matthias Guiser, age 19, Madisonburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862 Wounded in battle (ball in left leg,) at Gettysburg, Pa., near Devil's Den, July 2nd, 1863. Returned to Regiment. Sent to Hospital at Washington, D. C., where he was discharged in June 1865. Died in 1904.

John W. Haffly, age 24, Aaronsburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1865 Physically unable to do military service in the field, he was transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps, November 13th, 1863. Discharged in June 1865.

Daniel J. Johnson, age 20, Wolf's Store, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Transferred to the Signal Corps February 4th, 1864, from there he was discharged in June 1865.

(Continued on foot of next column.)

[Continued from Previous Column.]

Aaron Klinefelter, age 21, Madisonburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Discharged on surgeon's certificate of Disability March 7th, 1864.

Gideon Kreamer, age 23, Rebersburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Absent from the company during 1863. Returned to the company April 1st, 1864. Wounded in battle at Po River, Va., May 10th, 1864; never returned to the Regiment. Discharged June 18th, 1865. Died at Rebersburg, Pa., September 22nd, 1892.

Jesse Kreamer, age 26, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Taken prisoner in the daring charge of the one hundred men of the 148 P. V. on the Confederate Crater Fort, on the evening of October 27th, 1864. Sent to Confederate Prison Camp at Salisbury, N. C., from where he was paroled March 14th, 1865, returned to Washington, D. C., and was discharged May 20th, 1865. The two Kreamers were brothers.

Samuel Krape, age 21, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Served as "cookee," or assistant company cook; died in Regimental Hospital near Fredericksburg, Va., April 14th, 1863.

Michael Lamey, age 27, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Not built for war, he was discharged on Surgeon's certificate of disability, February 23rd, 1863.

George W. Lanich, age 30, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862 Thoroughly "anti bellicase" and perhaps, physically unfitted for the hardships of war, he was sent to the Hospital on June 14th, 1863; never returned to the company. Discharged June 6th, 1865, at Washington, D. C. The two Lanichs were brothers.

Henry Lanich, age 25, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Physically unable to do hard service required of a soldier in active war, he was discharged on Surgeon's certificate of disability June 7th, 1864. He was frail in body and half blind when he was passed and mustered. Died at Loganton August 15th, 1868.

George S. Loose, age 18, Rebersburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1862. Sent to General Hospital at Potomac Creek April 14th, 1863, where he died June 7th, 1863.

Daniel Long, age 21, Aaronsburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa., August 25th, 1865. Wounded in battle at Chancellorsville, Va., May 3rd, 1863, returned to the Regiment and was missing in battle at the Hare House, before Petersburg, Va., June 22nd, 1864 A rumor reached the army that he had died in Confederate Prison Camp at Andersonville, Ga. It was also rumored that he had died a prisoner at Charleston, S. C. winter of 1864. The fact is that in his last battle, no one saw him killed or wounded or captured. He was simply missing in action; lost, and never officially accounted for. His fate, and place of burial are unknown.

Jesse Long, age 22, Rebersburg, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa. August 25th, 1862. Served as a Regimental Pioneer during summer of 1863, Taken prisoner in battle at Ream's Station, Va., August 25th, 1864 and sent to Confederate prison camp at Salisbury, N. C. from where he was paroled March 14th, 1865. Rejoined the Regiment at Fort Reynolds, Va., near Washington, D. C., May 1865. Discharged with the company at Harrisburg, Pa. June 7th, 1865; the Longs were cousins.

Israel Mayes, age 22, Millheim, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa August 25th, 1862. Taken prisoner in skirmish on Ptolemy Run, Va. June 2nd, 1864; died in Confederate prison camp at Andersonville, Ga. September 23rd, 1864.

Aaron Miller, age 20, Wolf's Store, Pa. Mustered with the company at Rebersburg, Pa. August 25th, 1862. Shot through the head and killed in Death Valley, Battle of Gettysburg, Pa. July 2nd, 1863. Buried in National cemetery, Gettysburg, Pa.

P. R. R. to Plant 800,000 Trees

Tree planting has just rightly begun with the Pennsylvania railroad company, and next year 800,000 trees will be set, at an estimated cost of eight cents each, including the cost of two or three year old seedling and setting. It would be necessary to plant 1,300,000 each year for thirty years to provide an always dependable source of supply and the land to be covered by this forest growth would be 152 square miles in extent.

"THE PIT."

Wilton Lackeye in William A. Brady's Production—Walnut St. Theatre, Philad.

The Walnut Street Philadelphia Theatre will have as its attraction the next two weeks, beginning Monday, January 9th, Wilton Lackaye in William A. Brady's great production of "The Pit." The play is being presented this season on a larger scale than ever with new scenery, the original cast, and a company of over 300 people.

"The Pit" is a dramatization of Frank Norris's famous story of the same name. It is the second of the "wheat triology" of stories which was planned by this lamented young author; the first "The Octopus" dealing with the growing of the wheat; the second with its marketing, while the third, which he did not live to write, was to deal with the consumption.

There is something tremendous, titanic about this story, portraying the fierce struggle on the Board of Trade by which the marketing of the wheat is achieved. The picture of the career of the great "Operator" is the central, as it is by far the strongest feature. He is a man with the courage, the nerve and the foresight of the successful gambler, and the crisis of the story is reached when he admits that he has all the money he wants and more and carries on his trading merely for the fascination of the game.

Transfer of Real Estate.

H. T. Zerby, et. ux., to Jno. D. Hess, May 4, 1904, 20 acres 153 perches in Haines twp. $83 30

Lawrence L. Miller, et. ux., to Chas. W. Wilcox, Dec. 29, 1904, lots in South Poilipsburg. $500.

Horace W. Orwig, et. ux., to John McCormick, Oct. 26, 1904, ½ interest in 176 acres 43 perches in Miles twp. $1,000.

Catharine J. Heath, et. al., to Martha J. Heath, Oct. 13, 1904, land in Rush twp. $875.

William Foster's exrs. etc. to Ellis L. Orvis and J. C. Meyer, Dec. 12, 1904, lot in State College. $400.

N. N. Corman, et ux., to T. R. Harter, et. al., Dec. 9, 1904, 163 acres 140 perches in Miles twp. $5,800.

Benjamin Kerstetter, et. ux., to J. J. Gable, Aug. 17, 1885, ¼ acre in Coburn. $200.

M. M. and J. H. Weaver exrs. to Annie E. Stonerode, Dec. 26, 1904, lot in Milesburg. $125.

Alma R. White, et. bar., to James H. Davidson, Jan. 4, 1905, 28 acres and 12 perches in Union twp. $900.

John R. Zerby, et. ux., to Sarah J. Grim, Oct. 19, 1904, lot in Gregg twp. $1.

James Kelley to James S. Martin, Aug. 29, 1904, land in Marion twp. $200.

Dr. J. F. Alexander has been confined to the house during the past two weeks.

John F. Emerick, of Farmers Mills, made his annual call on the Reporter last week.

LOCALS.

Mrs. A. P. Luse has been confined to bed on account of sickness. She is under the care of Dr. Austin Thomas.

Clayton J. Grenninger, last week, moved to Beech Creek, where in the spring he will operate the large rolling mill leased by him.

The Hemphill home, one of the prettiest in Centre Hall, and in first-class condition, is offered for rent by D. W. Bradford, Centre Hall.

Mrs. L. A. Kritzer, of near Potters Mills, and Chas. Housman, of Penn Hall, were in town on business Thursday of last week. Mrs. Kritzer, as agent, announces sale of personal property to take place March 2, on the J. R. Bible farm, near Sprucetown. Mrs. Kritzer will move to Yeagertown in the spring.

W. H. Stuart, of Boalsburg, accompanied Dr. Kidder to Centre Hall Monday, and while the latter rendered professional services Mr. Stuart called at the Reporter office to have a bit of printing done, advertising a clearance sale at his store beginning Monday, 23rd inst. Mr. Stuart carries a large stock of general merchandise, and it is his intention to put the price of a large lot of goods so low that no one who examines the stock will hesitate in making a purchase.

Amos Koch, of Pennsylvania Furnace, was a caller Thursday of last week, and stated that next spring he would become a resident of Harris township after living in Ferguson township for a period of eleven years. He will move to the farm, about three miles west of Boalsburg, tenanted by the Martz family for many years. The farm where Mr. Koch now lives was sold by the Krebs to the Driblebis brothers, and he will be succeeded by John Driblebis, one of the purchasers. Daniel Martz, whom Mr. Koch succeeds, goes to near Altoona.

SALARY-GRABBING JUDGES.

There is still hope that the Pennsylvania Judges will be balked in their effort to raid the state treasury, under the Moore salary act of 1903, signed by Governor Pennypacker. The greed of the judges throughout the state is appalling. The constitution plainly says that no salary of an official may be increased while in office, yet here we have an example of the very officials who are expected to uphold the constition making decisions that will enable them to make a grab at the state's funds.

Justice Thompson's decision was thought to settle the matter, and the judges were clasping their hands for joy, but James W. M. Newlin, of Philadelphia, a lawyer by profession, recently brought equity proceedings before the United States Circuit court to set aside the decision of the Supreme court that the act applies to all judges in the state. Treasurer Mathews is holding up their warrants until the question at issue shall be decided.

Attorney Newlin formally advised the State Treasurer of his application to the United States Court for a ruling as to whether the recent decision of Justice Thompson, when about to retire from the Supreme bench, was that of the whole court or only the individual opinion of one of the seven judges.

Judges elected since the passage of this act are not effected by these holdups, as they are entitled to the increased salary without question.

Penns Cave on the Block.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found advertised at public sale "Penns Cave" and a farm of two hundred acres. The administrator is Lewis Korman and the attorneys, Messrs. Gettig, Bower & Zerby.

Penns Cave is one of the finest caves in existence, and each year brings in to its owner a handsome sum.

Chestnut Street Opera House

During this week will be the last opportunity for theatre goers to see and hear America's greatest comedian, Mr. Nat C. Goodwin, in I. N. Morris' comedy drama, "The Usurper," Chestnut Street Opera House, Philadelphia.

Next week, and one week only, the greatest prima donna contralto and comedienne, Mme. Schumann-Heink, and the best singing organization in America, in Stage & Edwards' comic opera, "Love's Lottery."

Rev. Dr. E. J. Wolf Buried.

A large representation of the Lutheran clergy of this State and Maryland, Friday, attended the funeral of Rev. Dr. Edmund J. Wolf, president of the General Synod of the Lutheran church and professor in the Lutheran Seminary at Gettysburg since 1874. The services were held in Christ church. Rev. Dr. M. Valentine, of Gettysburg, and Rev. Dr. E. D. Wright, of Mechanicsburg, conducting the exercises, and Rev. Dr. J. A. Singmaster, chairman of the seminary faculty, and Rev. Dr. William H. Dunbar, of Baltimore, made addresses.

Tusseyville.

Plenty of ice, cold weather and fine sleighing.

William Fleisher and wife, who visited here last week, moved their household goods to Pitcairn.

The enterprising farmer, Glse Wagner, who is moving on his father's farm in the spring, is hauling his implements this week.

A. B. Lee, the village blacksmith, completed the iron work on a sled of a very elegant design, built by Henry Rossman for C. W. Swartz.

Jacob Wagner, who has been visiting his sons, James and William, for the past few weeks, returned home this week.

The funeral of Frank Barr Saturday, at the Union cemetery, was largely attended, notwithstanding the cold weather.

A number of persons from this vicinity attended preaching services at Sprucetown Sunday evening. Rev. McIlnay is doing good work, over thirty conversions up to Sunday evening.

Mrs. Lillie Gettig, who has been visiting her parents for the past few weeks, is now visiting her brother-in-law, Lawyer S. D. Gettig, of Bellefonte, and from there will return to her home at Pitcairn.

John Brisbin, of Girard, Kansas, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Hess, of Boalsburg, and his cousin, B. D. Brisbin, of Centre Hall. Mr. Brisbin is a native of Penns Valley but left this place over thirty years ago.

It is understood from responsible parties that the time is drawing near when the Wabash Railroad will begin its operations through this part of the state. They have recently purchased a short line running from Conemaugh to Holidaysburg, and all hope to see the work begun through this section before the thought grows old in our memories.

ROUGH ON THE DONKEY.

The Milton Record cuts to the line in speaking of Pennsylvania's governor, and aside from unnecessarily abusing the ass kind, will be endorsed by the Reporter readers. The Record says:

Pennsylvania has had much to humiliate her but the limit is about reached in her present governor. If a man in private life, possessed of any considerable property should give the same evidences of mental weakness and decay that has marked the official conduct of the state's executive, his friends would have long since had a commission appointed to determine whether he was capable of managing his affairs. But he suits the gang. They are indifferent as to whether the dignity and respect of the commonwealth is maintained, and chuckle in their sleeves when the old jay makes an ass of himself and mortifies the honest and intelligent classes in the state, because they know he will do anything they want him to, from violating the constitution, up or down. When the present wave of political and official debauchery and corruption passes away and the people are once sovereign and free to think and act with manly independence, the present term will be denounced as the most corrupt and erratic administration in the state's history.

OPPOSE TARIFF REVISION.

The Republican congressmen from this State and from Ohio have been lined up against any tariff revision, and especially against an extra session. This action may, however, only hasten what they oppose. The Republicans of New England, New York and the Western States are not so wedded to the high tariff policy as are those of Pennsylvania and Ohio, and they may see in the attitude of the latter good reason for supporting the President in this matter. Pennsylvania Republicans in the estimation of many of their own protectionist constituents are acting foolishly in this matter of standing pat, and they are taking a course which sooner or later will invite a most determined and successful attack upon the whole policy of protection from the Republican ranks. Right here in the very citadel of protection may be heard the demand of life-long protectionists for a change in the tariff schedules and a strong condemnation of the stand-pat attitude assumed by the Pennsylvania congressman.

If it is true that France has made representations to Russia of the desirability of the latter making peace and of her willingness to mediate, the effect upon the government of the czar cannot be but considerable. France is Russia's closest ally and friend, and the advice of her government would have the greatest weight with that of Russia. The republic has a great interest in seeing that the prestige of Russia in Europe does not suffer, and if the French statesmen are convinced that peace ought to be considered it will be hard for those of Russia to persist in their irreconcilable attitude. The internal condition of Russia is so disturbed and there is such great dissatisfaction among the people over the war that the sentiment for peace is steadily growing. This sentiment would be greatly increased if it were known that Russia's one ally desired to see an end to hostilities.

Samuel Thompson, Democrat member of the Supreme court of Pennsylvania, appointed by Governor Samuel W. Pennypacker, afterward the Democratic nominee for the same office and defeated at the general election, signalized his retirement from his brief term on the bench by handing down the opinion that the constution wasn't constitutional in the matter of judges' salaries. He has won the friendship of the judicial grafters and the contempt of the public.

Had the Republicans known the real make-up of Judge Thompson he would have been elected by several hundred thousand majority. The Democrats were fooled in their man, yet they might have known the character of a Democrat that a Republican governor would appoint.

According to a decision of the Mifflin county courts, commissioners are relieved from building and maintaining public roads passing through unseated lands. A portion of the abandoned Lewistown and Bellefonte turnpike, after crossing the Centre county line, passes through unseated lands, and it was the custom of the Mifflin county commissioners, in previous years, to keep in repair this section of road, but the present board of commissioners refused to continue the old custom, whereupon suit was brought against the county officials by the supervisors of Armaugh township. The result was that the burden of maintaining the road was placed on the township.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Tickets for local caucuses printed at this office at a very low rate.

Lyman L. Smith reports good success in placing contracts for the Centre Hall corn planter.

Within less than ten days Harry Harper caught sixty-five rats in a single trap. Rats!

Mrs. Foreman, widow of John Foreman, will move from her farm near Potters Mills to Centre Hall.

The Bellefonte Y. M. C. A. gymnasium hall fund was swelled one thousand dollars by Andrew Carnegie.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen P. Menges, of near Turbotville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Smetzler and Mr. and Mrs. John W. Conley.

The Potter township Democratic caucus will be held at Centre Hill, Saturday afternoon, February 28, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock.

Mrs. D. W. Zeigler, of Millheim; Jerome Moyer and Luther Frank, of Rebersburg, attended the funeral of Dr. E. J. Wolf, at Gettysburg.

Harvey Wise, of Wolfs Store, will become a citizen of Logan Mills in the spring, he recently having purchased the Joel Herb farm, at that place.

County Auditor R. D. Musser, of Spring Mills, was a passenger west Monday morning to continue the work of auditing the accounts of the various county officials.

Jacob Solt, formerly a resident of Centre Hall, but now located at Gettysburg, has recovered sufficiently from an attack of pneumonia to enable him to be about again.

A school building, about one and one-half miles north of Howard, known as Fairview, was burned last week. The fire originated from a defective flue. No insurance.

In Green township, Sugar Valley, Clinton county, during 1904, not a death was reported under the age of sixty-five years. The oldest who died was aged seventy-nine years.

Coasting was the program carried out by the boys during the latter part of last week. The coaster travels a full mile from the top of Nittany Mountain to the center of the town.

Montgomery & Co., the Bellefonte clothiers, are having their store room re-modeled—a new steel ceiling is being put in. You will always find Montgomerys up-to-date in everything.

Edward Royer, of Centre Hall, has leased the Old Fort hotel, and will succeed I. A. Shawver as landlord at that hostelry. Mr. Shawver, as previously stated in these columns, will move to the National hotel, Millheim.

T. C. Heims, of Osceola, who has been at St. Clements, Mich., for some time taking treatment for the very stubborn rheumatism from which he is suffering, is at home again, little the better, his friends will be sorry to learn.

One of the advantages gained by polling a large Democratic vote at the recent election is that Centre county will be entitled to twice the former representation in the state convention. The Centre county Democracy will have four delegates to the convention instead of two.

The horse used to draw the ice cutter on the pond of D. A. Roozer broke through the crystal formation and caused considerable excitement for a time. Mr. Boozer was seated on the cutter, and F. E. Arney was guiding the locomotive power, but both escaped without taking an ice water bath.

Mrs. Bucher, wife of ex-Judge J. C. Bucher, of Lewisburg, died very suddenly. She had been to church, and on her way home stopped to see her brother, William C. Walls, who is ill. While there the lady complained of being short of breath. Before reaching her residence Mrs. Bucher became very ill, and several hours afterward death came.

James B. Strohm entertained the pupils under his instruction in the Centre Hall Grammar Grade, at his home at Centre Hill, Thursday evening. The scholars looked forward to this event with great expectations, and none of them were disappointed. During the evening refreshments were served by Mrs. Strohm and her daughters—Misses Lola and Margaret.

Mrs. W. E. Fischer and son William B., of Shamokin, are in Southern Pines, North Carolina, having gone there the beginning of December, for the benefit of the latter's health. It is a pleasure to note that the southern climate has materially benefitted the young man, and that he is improving in health. Mrs. Fischer is also experiencing that North Carolina's climate is exhilarating.

FARM AND GARDEN

THE IMPORTANCE OF CORRECT FEEDING.

There is a registered cow in the writer's herd that a good judge of a dairy animal would gladly hang a ribbon on with pride. But if she were to be measured by her milking one year ago she would have been sold for bologna. The circumstances are these: She was bred in the silk, her size, dairy type, barrel, udder, front and back suggestive of Golden Lads, everything to commend her, and a most excellent heifer she was with her first calf. No better breeder than she in the dairy. Yet for two years she was really what would be called an unprofitable cow. What was the cause, and whose fault was it? The feeder tried to excuse himself by all manner of excuses. The owner insisted that the trouble lay in the feed and the care. The time to renew a cow is when she is dry and unfortunate is the dairyman who does not know this. When the period of lactation entirely ceased for Daisy Hillie Cream she was fed and cared for as the owner directed. She was developing splendidly for motherhood, udder began to distend nicely, all four quarters evenly filling and swung a ponderous udder when she walked; calved all right and is milking at this writing 38 to 40 pounds of milk a day. Had this valuable cow been dealt with as thousands of her sisters in this country she would have been ground into sausage long before this, while today she is milking almost 6 quarts of milk.

It is high time to start a new breed of dairymen if it is not possible to improve the old ones. The motto of modern dairying is, choose your breed suitable to your taste if you are rich, for business if you want to make a living, then feed and care must be daily handmaids to the business.

Balance the ration for the cow's stomach, not according to the whim or flea in your brain. There is a difference between a cow's stomach and the chemist's crucible, but it is surprising how close they do agree after all. The arithmetic of the balanced ration may be a little too large for one paricular dairy and not large enough for the other. The ratio of the ration is all right, but the bulk may be more than the one cow can consume and not quite enough for the other.—Rev. J. D. Detrich, before Penn'a Round-up.

GROW THE BEST.

There is always a certain amount of valuable experience obtained in raising fancy stock of cattle, and one receives from it a good deal of pleasure as well as practical experience. There is nothing like making an effort to raise the best in the market to stimulate one's ambitions and love for a calling. By securing one or two fancy animals whose standard of perfection is unquestioned, one has something to look forward to that will give him a new zest in life. There is a constant and increasing demand for fine full blooded stock, and a market can easily be found for all that the farmer or breeder can raise. One should not be deterred from trying his hand at fancy breeding because of the difficulties that must of necessity come in his way. There are many things to learn in breeding pure blooded stock which will prove of great practica. value in handling the ordinary herd. A good breeder of fancy stock invariably makes a successful breeder of ordinary grades. The reason is very simple. He has become accustomed to methods of carefulness in feeding, selection and breeding which he naturally applies to the common stock. He is constantly looking forward to further improvement in the animals, and as a result the herd does well. It is this looking forward to better things, the striving to make the next generations superior to the present, that makes success in stock breeding of any kind, and any work that will tend to improve a breeder's methods should be encouraged. Therefore a little experimental work in fancy breeding, carried on in addition to the regular farming, as a sort of side issue, must prove of great benefit and value to the farmer or stockman. —James Ridgway, in Indiana Farmer.

BETTER SEED CORN.

The Iowa corn specialists reckon that only a little over sixty per cent. of corn is good seed. The rest is either dead or low in vitality, and produces poor plants. They find that careful selection increases the crop by at least ten bushels an acre. Following is the method:

Lay out the ears to be tested side by side on the floor, remove one kernel from near the butt, middle and tip of the ear, turn the ear over and remove three kernels in like manner from the opposite side, making six kernels in all, thus securing a sample from the entire ear. Place the six kernels at the end of the ear from which they were taken. Be particular that the kernels do not get mixed with the kernels from the ear lying next to it. Take a shallow box about two by three feet in size, put several inches of moist sand, dirt or sawdust in the bottom, place over this a cloth which has been ruled off into squares 1 1-2 inches each way, numbered one, two, three, and so on. Place the kernels from ear No. 1 in square No. 1, from ear No. 2 in square No. 2, and so on with all of the ears. Then place over this a cloth considerably larger than the box, cover with 1 1-2 to two inches of sand, earth or sawdust, moisten well, keep in a warm place, and the kernels will germinate in from three to five days. When sufficient time has been allowed for the kernels to germinate, remove the cover carefully, to avoid misplacing the kernels. A piece of light cheesecloth placed on the kernels before the top covering is put on will prevent the kernels from sticking to the cloth.) Examine the kernels in the first row of the germinating box. For example if the kernels in squares Nos. 4, 8, 13 and 20 have failed to grow or show weak germination, ears Nos. 4, 8, 13 and 20 on the floor should be rejected. After examining the kernels from the first twenty ears, examine the second twenty, and so on till all the kernels have been examined and the poor ears rejected. Do not fail to remove the ears showing weak germination. If the ground is cold and the weather unfavorable in the spring, these kernels will rot, or, if they grow at all will produce weak plants.—Massachusetts Ploughman.

HINTS ON GROWING HORSE-RADISH.

The culture of horseradish is very simple. Preferably the plant likes a rich, cool loam. It will grow on almost any soil, but the character of the root is greatly influenced by the amount of food available and the physical make up of the soil. The deeper and more friable the loam, the smoother the roots. It is grown in rows and cultivated as any other root crop may be treated. In the fall the roots are ploughed out, trimmed off and the smaller pieces used to reset the bed. These root cuttings should be from two to three inches in length and should be planted in an approximately upright condition, with the top end upward. In other words, the root cuttings should not be inverted. If they are they will grow, but they will make a ragged and fibrous growth.

The details of canning belong to the manufacturer's province. The radishes are ground up by machine, mixed with vinegar and bottled. Rarely is the work done by the man who grows the roots, but I suppose there is nothing to prevent it, providing he engages in the industry on a sufficient scale to warrant the establishment of the canning factory.—John Craig, in The Tribune Farmer.

PRACTICAL DAIRY EXPERIMENT

At the New York experiment station and in connection with a dairy farm near by, an attempt was made to find out if they could increase the percentage of fat in the milk of ordinary dairy cows which had been kept without any particular care in feeding. They took ten cows from a dairy herd after having a record kept for a year, and then when the selected cows were at the experiment station the experimenters compared the results with ten other cows which were fed and handled as before on the farm. The experiment continued four years. The result was an average increase of 6 per cent. in butter fat contents in the milk, and the result of the more liberal ration was an increase of 50 per cent. in the total amount of milk and fat produced. The actual increase brought about by liberal feeding the first year the cows were taken from the farm was 46 per cent. in milk and 54.6 per cent. in butter fat. The increased production was secured economically so far as the cost of food is concerned.—Mirror and Farmer.

BONES.

To reduce bones to fertilizers without the use of acid takes time, but for the home garden or for window plants is well worth waiting for. Put in a barrel six inches of soil, then a closely packed layer of bones, and cover these with wood ashes, and wet with liquid manure from the stables or with the house slop. Repeat the layers as there are bones enough until the barrel is full. Cover with soil, rounding the surface, and strew thickly with clover or grass seed, or plant the top with some quick growing spreader that will knit the soil together as a cover that will not let through more moisture than is needed. If the barrel is painted, it can stand in the corner of the garden and be a thing of beauty while the work of disintegration is going on within. In a year's time empty the barrel, and, spading the contents together, make into a heap, patting the sides close, and let stand for a month, then use when it is wanted. The material will be rich in potash and phosphoric acid.—American Gardening.

Land of Girl Slaves.

China undoubtedly is the greatest slave country in the world. Of a population of 400,000,000 over one-fortieth are slaves. Every family of means keeps its girl slaves. The girls are mostly purchased to do housework, it being cheaper to buy than to hire. —Chicago Tribune.

Mr. Francis Galton, F. R. S., has founded in London University a fellowship for the promotion of the study of "National Eugenics," the study of the agencies under social control that may improve or impair the racial qualities of future generations, either physically or mentally.

THE ART OF WEARING A GOWN.

"I wish I knew," said the girl with the chiffon muff, "why stage gowns, like stage love making and stage sentiments, are always so much more beautiful than those in real life."

"They are not," said the other girl. "Half the gowns one sees on the stage one wouldn't wear in a drawing room or on the street for anything in the world. Do you know that lots of actresses buy their imported gowns from the secondhand dealers? Well, they do!

"It is not the gown, but the way in which an actress wears it that makes it so attractive. She knows what sort of frock to buy, just how to put it on and just how to carry it. That is what nine women out of ten in private life don't know. The average woman selects a frock without any reference to herself whatever. She just buys it because it is pretty and puts it on exactly as it goes. Usually she looks like an animated clothes rack, with her garments hanging on her.

"An actress gets into the 'feeling' of her gown. The moment she slips into it she 'feels' her role. If the gown is long and clinging and limy and diaphanous she simply 'floats' every minute that she has it on. If it has yards and yards of train she learns how to manage it, how to sit down so that it will wind itself around her; how to sail across the room as though she were trailing wings after her; how to turn without stumbling all over her skirts. She feels every inch of the dignity that a train gives, and she puts on her haughty look with her haughty frock. But the woman in private life always looks as though her trailing skirts were just hooked on behind. They are not a part of her. Every bride I have seen looked as though she felt the weight and enormity of her train. She actually shrunk into insignificance beside it and shriveled up under her enormous tulle veil. She was entirely subordinate to her clothes.

"Did you ever see Mme. Rejane in one of her chiffon confections? I did. It was of sky pink with a mantle of pink chiffon falling from her shoulders and almost completely enveloping her. Well, that was a 'floating' dress, and I don't remember once having seen Mme. Rejane walk a step while she had the dress on.

"She just seemed to float on to the stage like a cloud, to float from chair to divan and to float out again. She didn't sit, she didn't stand, she didn't kneel; she just 'moved'; and that was all you knew. When she changed that frock for a short girlish one with a baby waist, you wouldn't have recognized her. She looked ten years younger. Her chin had been lowered, her eyes had grown big and innocent looking, and she seemed suddenly to have acquired feet and to have lost ten years and gained ten pounds. It was all in the 'feeling' induced by the frock.

"An actress makes her frocks a part of herself. If they are frilly, she flutters and flirts in them; if they are nobby she becomes at once jaunty and debonair; if they are magnificent she takes on a new dignity. She trails them, dangles them, sweeps them, holds them, clutches them, flutters them, or hugs them, just as they seem to need it. She makes them subordinate to herself, while at the same time she brings into relief their most striking feature and displays to advantage their slightest suggestions.

"Every gown has some sort of motif, and unless you are able to discover its artistic significance you will appear as badly in it as though you should quote a bit of poetry without knowing what it meant."—Indianapolis News.

VISITING CARDS.

The visiting or calling card, an insignificant but necessary medium of communication on society, should be of the finest quality, and the engraving should be perfect in style and execution, says the Binghamton Press.

The sizes of different cards vary from season to season, but depend largely upon individual taste, the length of name and style of lettering. Names should be spelled in full and residence numbers spelled when space will permit.

The Roman and Old English lettering are considered more fashionable than script, but will never wholly supplant it. One thing is imperative—only one style of letter should be shown on a card.

A woman's card invariably carries the prefix Mrs. or Miss, and if one belongs to a profession that should be indicated thus: Dr. Katherine Burnham Smith, or Katherine Burnham Smith, M. D., for her business card only, the social card carrying the regular prefix.

The married woman's card carries her husband's full name, with reception day in lower left hand corner and address in opposite corner.

The young woman's card does not bear a calling day. The young miss not in society uses a card only among her school friends. For a year or so after entering society she visits exclusively with her mother, and her name appears under her mother's name on a special card bearing reception day and address.

If she is the eldest unmarried daughter her Christian name is omitted, but a younger daughter's name appears in full. When other daughters enter society, the eldest uses a separate card, and the next mother's card.

The title Mr. should always appear on a man's visiting card, unless the name is followed by Jr. A business card, however, should not contain that formality. A clergyman may set aside his formal title and use the plain Mr. if he chooses, as may a doctor, though it is customary to use the title. A physician, clergyman or scholar may have the right to the recognized abbreviations of various titles, honors or degrees conferred upon him, but for the social visiting card it is best to omit all except such as stands for the one title by which he is commonly addressed. For example, a clergyman known as Doctor Newell should have his cards engraved William Dennison Newell, D. D. A club or society membership is indicated in the lower left-hand corner, and the home address in the right-hand corner.

MOTHER-LOVE AMONG JAPS.

Public demonstration of affection is most repugnant to the good taste of the Japanese, and it is the absence of this which is so generally mistaken for a lack of genuine feeling. I recall one man, notes a writer in the Outlook, (though I doubt whether he could ever have been said to have "talked about" her), that when she died, while he was abroad, his depression was so profound that my husband watched him with anxiety lest he should commit suicide. The stoical training may render more unsympathetic a coarse nature; but repression to the refined soul brings an exquisite capacity for pain scarcely conceivable by those who are free to give utterance to every emotion.

Another man said to me: "I rarely speak of my mother, for a foreigner does not understand that a Japanese mother may be just as dear to her son as his to him, and by the Japanese it is not expected that one should utter one's deepest grief when his mother died and when consciousness returned rose to make light of a "little dizziness," with reference to its cause. To this day, whenever he goes from home, he carries with him his mother's letters, mounted on a beautiful roll of ivory and brocade, and on the anniversary of her passing beyond his mortal ken he quietly devotes a portion of the day to meditation and special thought of her. Even to his wife, despite the closest bond of love, he says not, "This is the day of my mother's death."—Washington Times.

STOCK NEWNESS.

There's a new stock. It is a dainty thing, and though novel in shape, it is pretty on the right girl, especially with a white waist.

This particular stock is composed of sheer white mull and Valenciennes lace. There's very little of the mull. On the stock proper it forms an inch-wide band with a strip of Val. insertion above and the Val. edge above that. A narrow bit of boning holds it up on each side.

Now for the new part.

It consist of eight tabs. Each tab of the muslin is bordered with insertion and edge, and all are joined together save at the center, front and back. Though this is not very visible, since these tabs form what appears to be a ruffle about four inches deep. This ruffle is neatly sewed to the base of the stock, and, when the stock is placed around the neck, this ruffle rests flatly around the shoulders.

This stock may be had ready made, but is quite expensive for it really takes quite a bit of lace, and the workmanship is exceptional.

PRETTY HAIR ORNAMENTS.

A modicum of natural oil is necessary for good results in dressing the hair, and this is, besides, supplemented by the hairdresser with a dressing that keeps the hair from scattering, and supplies it with a brilliant burnish.

The low hairdressing which displays a chignonlike arrangement of puffs and braids under a jeweled net is very becoming, as well as a broad-looking, simple braid. This last style of coiffure upon youthful heads is frequently ornamented with artificial flowers, sprinkled with rhinestone dewdrops, which produces a most brilliant picture.

An enormous number of tinsel and flower ornaments are used for evening coiffures, frequently combined with velvet in the same tone or color as the flower or tinsel.

INDIAN EFFECTS ON CUSHIONS.

The Indian craze which struck the country with "Hiawatha" is still with us, and it has extended from music to cushions. One of these, designed to enhance the weird splendors of a den, has a large Indian head painted on a background of leather. The hair of this head is real and very Indian hair, hair, coarse and black, and it is cleverly stitched into place on the head of the painted brave. Not only so, but he is trimmed with numerous gewgaws in the way of beads, and these also are appliqued on slender thongs of leather, on which gayly-colored beads are threaded, form the fringe of the cushion.

There are 300 Porto Ricans in San Francisco.

HAM BARBECUE.

Slice cold boiled ham and fry in some of the fat until slightly crisp. Tape up the ham, and to the fat in the pan add three tablespoons of vinegar, a teaspoon of made mustard and a teaspoon of sugar. Heat and pour over the ham.

MIXED MUSTARD.

Mix one-quarter cup of ground mustard with a scant level teaspoon of salt and half a level teaspoon of sugar. Pour on just enough boiling water to make a thick paste, then add sharp vinegar to make of the right consistency.

MUTTON PIE.

Line a buttered pudding dish with mashed and well seasoned potato. Fill the center with thinly sliced mutton and pour on stock to moisten, two tablespoons of tomato catsup and a dust of pepper and salt. Cover with mashed potato and set in a hot oven. When the pie is heated through brush over the top with soft butter and set back to brown.

RICH LEMON PIE.

Mix the grated yellow rind and the juice of two lemons with two cups of sugar, one cup of milk, four level tablespoons of cornstarch and the beaten yolks of six eggs. Cook until the mixture thickens, pour into two paste-lined plates and bake. Make a meringue of the whites of six eggs beaten stiff with one-half cup of powdered sugar, and cover the two pies. Set in a very slow oven to brown slightly.

APPLES, BAKED WITH NUTS.

Wash eight or ten large apples and core them. Chop one cup of English walnut meats fine, mix with sugar and fill the apples. Set in a making dish, pour one and one-half cups of hot water round and bake. Take the apples out carefully, without breaking, on to a serving dish, and to the syrup in the baking dish add a teaspoon of butter, a pinch of salt and a few gratings of nutmeg or other flavoring and pour around the apples. Dust the top of each with powdered sugar.

CHOCOLATE CAKE.

Cream one-half cup of butter, add one cup of sugar, one-half cup of milk, one and two-thirds cups of flour sifted with three level teaspoons of baking powder, the yolks of three eggs, and after beating add the whites of two eggs beaten stiff. Have one and one-half squares of chocolate melted with three tablespoons of sugar and two tablespoons of water. When smooth and glossy add to the first mixture and a scant teaspoon of vanilla. Bake slowly and cover with a white icing.

RICE BORDER—CHICKEN FILLING.

Cook one and one-half cups of rice in plenty of salted boiling water until tender; drain well and press into a well buttered ring mold. Set into the oven in a pan of hot water for fifteen minutes. Have two cups of chopped chicken in a saucepan, add one-quarter cup of butter rubbed with two level tablespoons of flour and cook three minutes, add two-thirds cup of hot cream and the yolks of two eggs beaten. Season with salt and pepper and cook a minute longer. Turn the rice on to a large round plate and pour the chicken into the center. Sprinkle the chicken with a little finely chopped parsley.

TIMELY SUGGESTIONS.

When cleaning knives mix a tiny bit of carbonate of soda with the bath-brick on the knifeboard, and they will polish more easily, says the Binghamton Press.

Half a lemon dipped in salt water will do all the work of oxalic acid in cleaning copper boilers, brass teakettles and other copper or brass utensils.

When cleaning the bars of a new or rough stove, if they are first rubbed over with a cloth dipped in vinegar and water, the blacklead will be found to adhere, and a brilliant polish to be the result.

Before using new pudding tins place them in the oven with a little oatmeal or bran and water, when they will be much sweeter, and it will prevent the pudding from sticking.

To clean lamp glasses hold them over a jug of boiling water until well steamed; then polish with a dry duster. It is far less trouble than washing, and the glasses very rarely break.

Shabby dark leather will look like new if rubbed over with either linseed oil or the well-beaten white of an egg mixed with a little black ink. Polish with soft dusters until dry and glossy.

The soiling caused by persons leaning their heads against a papered wall may be greatly lessened, if not obliterated, by laying a sheet of blotting paper over the spot and passing over it a moderately warm flatiron.

Stains on white flannel can sometimes be removed by rubbing them with glycerine and yolk of egg mixed in equal quantities. Spread on the stain, leave for half an hour, then wash the garment as usual.

When ironing, if the iron is rough and sticks and is difficult to work, sprinkle a little salt on the ironing board and rub the iron up and down upon it. It will speedily make the iron smooth again, and prevent its sticking.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Aside from some hesitation at the South, owing to the recent fall in the price of cotton, business conditions are favorable and optimistic sentiments are evidenced by extensive preparations for active trade. As annual reports appear, it is found that the closing months of 1904 made a much better exhibit than the first half, which starts the New Year with smaller stocks of goods in the hands of dealers, assuring liberal contracts in the near future for replenishing supplies. A few minor labor controversies have arisen, but the Fall River mills are more active and in most branches of manufacture there is a steady decrease in the proportion of idle machinery, one prominent producer of woolen goods reporting 9 per cent. of all plants in operation.

Failures for the week numbered 290 in the United States, against 400 last year, and 25 in Canada, compared with 37 a year ago.

Bradstreets says:

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending January 5, aggregate 1,411,947 bushels, against 981,140 last week, 3,369,323 this week last year, 5,098,951 in 1902, and 3,567,710 in 1901.

Corn exports for this week are the largest since March, 1903, and aggregate 3,186,533 bushels, against 1,582,342 last week, 1,249,599 a year ago, 2,856,981 in 1902 and 136,873 in 1901.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore,—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged; receipts, 10,575 barrels; exports, 3,436 barrels.

WHEAT—Firmer; spot, contract, 1.17@1.17¼; spot, No. 2 red Western, 1.18@1.18¼; January, 1.17@1.17¼; February, 1.18½@1.18¾; March, 1.20¼@1.20½; May, 1.21½ asked; steamer No. 2 red, 1.11@1.11¼; receipts, 3,033 bushels; Southern by sample, 1.00@1.16½; Southern on grade, 1.05½@1.17½.

CORN—Steady; spot, 49⅛@49⅞; steamer mixed, 48@48⅛; receipts, 108,607 bushels; exports, 60,000 bushels; Southern White and yellow corn, 42½@49½.

OATS—Firm; No. 2 white, 28@38½; No. 2 mixed, 37@37½; receipts, 4,500 bushels.

RYE—Dull; No. 2 Western, uptown, 86@87; receipts, 1,750 bushels.

BUTTER—Firm; fancy imitation, 22@23; fancy creamery, 29@30; fancy ladle, 19@20; store packed 15@18.

EGGS—Firm and unchanged, 30.

CHEESE—Firm; large, 12¼@12½; medium, 12¼@12¼; small, 12¾@13.

SUGAR—Firm and unchanged; coarse granulated and fine, 5.95.

New York,—BUTTER—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 4,540.

CHEESE—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 2,235; weekly exports, 2,100 boxes.

EGGS—Strong; receipts, 7,376; Southern, 20@28; refrigerator, 18@21½.

POULTRY—Alive and dressed, steady; unchanged.

FLOUR—Receipts, 13,618 barrels; exports, 10,766 barrels; firm and held higher; winter patents, 5.50@5.85; winter straights, 5.30@5.45; Minnesota patent, 5.85@6.25; winter extras, 3.65@4.30; Minnesota bakers', 4.30@4.65; winter low grades, 3.45@4.10.

RYE FLOUR—Steady; fair to good, 4.40@4.70; choice to fancy, 4.75@5.00.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Quiet; per 100 pounds, 2.00@2.15.

CORNMEAL—Steady; fine white and yellow, 1.30; coarse new, 1.13@1.14; kiln-dried, 2.90@3.10.

HAY—Quiet; shipping 60@65; good to choice, 80@85.

HOPS—Quiet; State, common to choice; 1904, 29@37; 1903, 30@33; olds, 14; Pacific Coast, 1904, 29@36; 1903, 30@33; olds, 14@17.

HIDES—Steady; Galveston, 20 to 25 pounds, 18; California, 21 to 25 pounds, 19; Texas dry, 24 to 30 pounds, 14½.

LARD—Dull; Western steam, 7.00; refined quiet; continent, 7.10; South American, 7.75; compound, 4⅞@5¼.

COTTONSEED OIL—Steady; prime crude nominal; do. yellow, 22@22½.

PETROLEUM—Steady; erfined New York, 7.50; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 7.45; do. in bulk, 4.55.

RICE—Firm; Domestic fair to extra, 2⅞@5¼; Japan nominal.

POTATOES—Steady; Long Island 1.75@2.00; State and Western, 1.25@2.00; Jersey sweets, 2.00@4.00

PEANUTS—Steady; fancy hand-picked, 5¼@5½; other domestic, 3¼@5½.

CABBAGES—Steady; flat Dutch, per 100, 2.00@3.00.

Live Stock.

New York—BEEVES—Receipts, 702. Very little trading.

CALVES—Dressed calves quiet, at 9c to 13½c for city dressed veals, and extra carcasses, 14c; country dressed, 6c to 11½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, firm; lambs, weak. Sheep, 4.00@5.25; no really prime sheep here; culls, 6.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,840; feeling steady.

Chicago,—CATTLE—Market, steady. Good to prime steers, 5.50@6.00; poor to medium, 3.90@5.50; stockers and feeders, 2.40@4.25; Cows, 1.25@4.50; heifers, 2.00@5.00; canners, 1.25@2.50; bulls, 2.00@4.50; calves, 3.00@7.00.

HOGS—Market strong. Mixed and butchers', 4.35@4.65; good to choice heavy, 4.60@4.70; rough heavy, 4.40@4.50; light, 4.30@4.55; bulk of sales, 4.45@4.60.

SHEEP—Market steady. Good to choice wethers, 4.85@5.50; fair to choice mixed 4.00@4.75; native lambs, 5.50@7.60.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

There are more than 217,000 baggagemen, brakemen and conductors in the United States.

Efforts are being made to induce the National Shorthand Reporters' Association to join the labor movement.

Ontario is the best organized province in Canada, having 176 unions, with a total membership of more than 12,000.

The Central Federation Union of New York City is about to begin a national campaign against the open shop.

A Well Deserved Tribute.

The awarding of the Grand Prize to the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn., at the St. Louis Exposition, confers upon this company the highest mark of distinction attained by any manufacturer of guns or ammunition in the world. Although a great number of medals were given, the only award of a Grand Prize was to the Winchester Repeating Arms Co.; given as it was in competition with the leading manufacturers of all countries, it testifies decidedly to the superiority of Winchester rifles, shotguns and ammunition. The success attained by the Winchester Repeating Arms Co. at this exposition is in line with past honors. At the Paris Exposition they received the Grand Prix, and wherever exhibited have always been given the highest possible prizes. This latest recognition of superiority is the natural result of thirty years of careful and successful endeavor in maintaining the high quality of Winchester rifles, shotguns and ammunition.

Microscopic Detective.

Ehrenberg, prince of microscopists, some years ago was employed by the Prussian government to investigate a case of smuggling. A cask had been opened, valuables extracted, and the case repacked and shipped onward to its destination. The only clue to the criminals was that the unpacking must have been done at some of the customs houses through which the goods had passed. To all appearances the microscope had a hopeless task. Ehrenberg took some of the sand which had been used in repacking, placed it under the microscope, looked through the tube, and behold, there on the stand lay a peculiar specimen of foraminifera. That animal was found only at one place in the world, and told just where the crime had been committed.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Cavalry of the west coast of Madagascar ride oxen.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists will refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

All the soldiers in the army of Argentina are forced to play football.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

The cost of living has doubled in Spain in the last few years.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

At a "smart" dinner in New York butter is not served.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on box. 25c.

There are 44,000 hotels in the United States.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

One of the new sports in England is falconry with motor cars.

BABY'S TERRIBLE SORE

Body Raw With Humor—Caused Untold Agony—Doctor Did No Good—Mother Discouraged—Cuticura Cured at Once.

"My child was a very delicate baby. A terrible sore and humor broke out on his body, looking like raw flesh, and causing the child untold agony. My physician prescribed various remedies, none of which helped at all. I became discouraged and took the matter into my own hands, and tried Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment with almost immediate success. Before the second week had passed the soreness was gone, not leaving a trace of anything. Mrs. Jeannette H. Block, 281 Rosedale St., Rochester, N. Y."

A new tribe was recently discovered in India in which contagious diseases are combated by killing those who are attacked.

Another club woman, Mrs. Haule, of Edgerton, Wis., tells how she was cured of irregularities and uterine trouble, terrible pains and backache, by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—A while ago my health began to fail because of female troubles. The doctor did not help me. I remembered that my mother had used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** on many occasions for irregularities and uterine troubles, and I felt sure that it could not harm me at any rate to give it a trial.

"I was certainly glad to find that within a week I felt much better, the terrible pains in the back and side were beginning to cease, and at the time of menstruation I did not have nearly as serious a time as heretofore, so I continued its use for two months, and at the end of that time I was like a new woman. I really have never felt better in my life, have not had a sick headache since, and weigh 20 pounds more than I ever did, so I unhesitatingly recommend your medicine."—MRS. MAY HAULE, Edgerton, Wis., Pres. Household Economics Club.

—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

LASTING RELIEF.

J. W. Walls, Superintendent of Streets of Lebanon, Ky., says:

"My nightly rest was broken, owing to irregular action of the kidneys. I was suffering intensely from severe pains in the small of my back and through the kidneys and annoyed by painful passages of abnormal secretions. No amount of doctoring relieved this condition. I took Doan's Kidney Pills and experienced quick and lasting relief. Doan's Kidney Pills will prove a blessing to all sufferers from kidney disorders who will give them a fair trial."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

The Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives has issued a card telling of a clever plan of "banking by mail." Persons may deposit money and draw checks by mail and carry on generally with a postage stamp for what it would otherwise require a street car or railroad fare.

Railroading in Japan.

Japan has 4236 miles of railway, of which 210 miles were constructed in 1903. The number of passengers carried on these railways in 1903 was 110,000,000, the freight transported was 16,122,671 metric tons and the cash receipts amounted to about $23,800,000.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Germ Day.

The State of Utah has established a holiday in honor of germs. It is called General Health Day and is the first Monday in October. On this day all theatres, churches, public halls, hotels, boarding houses, etc., must be thoroughly disinfected.

THE LAW VS. KINDNESS.

Good Samaritan Suffers for Eccentricities of Ohio Statutes.

"Got a buzzard here?" inquired Charles W. Heyl, deputy game warden, of Mrs. Frank Edgerton of South Sixth street, according to the Columbus, Ohio, correspondent of the New York Herald.

"Yes, sir," the woman replied.

"Want to sell it?"

"No, sir; but you can have it if you want it."

"Can I see it?"

"Certainly; just come this way, please."

And Mrs. Edgerton walked back to the coal shed, where the bird was confined, opened the door and then walked back to the house. In a moment or two Heyl appeared with the buzzard under his coat. He showed a badge and said: "Tell your husband that I am a game warden and for him to appear before Squire Lakin."

A son of Mr. Edgerton, who is an employe in the Panhandle shops, while strolling through the fields, found a buzzard with a broken leg. The bird was fed and kindly treated and became a pet, running around the neighborhood as it pleased. When the family went away from the house the buzzard would be confined in the coal shed.

An affidavit charges Edgerton with having "in his possession a buzzard not then and there being in captivity prior to May 6, 1902, and not then and there having the permission to do the aforesaid act."

MIGHT HAVE SAVED IT.

A Lot of Trouble From Too Much Starch Food.

A little boy of eight years whose parents did not feed him on the right kind of food, was always nervous and suffered from a weak condition of the stomach and bowels. Finally he was taken down with appendicitis and after the operation the doctor, knowing that his intestinal digestion was very weak, put him on Grape-Nuts twice a day.

He rapidly recovered and about two months thereafter, his Father states, "He has grown to be strong, muscular, and sleeps soundly, weighs 62 pounds, and his whole system is in a fine condition of health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

It is plain that if he had been put on Grape-Nuts at an earlier period in his life, and kept from the use of foods that he could not digest, he never would have had appendicitis. That disease is caused by undigested food decaying in the stomach and bowels, causing irritation and making for the growth of all kinds of microbes, setting up a diseased condition which is the active cause of appendicitis, and this is more marked with people who do not properly digest white bread.

Grape-Nuts is made of the selected parts of wheat and barley and by the peculiar processes of the cooking at the factory, all of the starch is turned into sugar ready for immediate digestion and the more perfect nourishment of all parts of the body, particularly the brain and nerve centres.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," found in each pkg.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Charters were issued by the State Department to the following corporations:

Logan Township Water Company, Harrisburg; capital, $5000.

Veteran Water Supply Company, Greensburg; capital, $5000.

Veteran Water Company, Greensburg; capital, $5000.

Metallic Ladder Company, Pittsburg; capital, $5000.

The Possum Glory Distilling Company, Indiana; capital, $10,000.

The People's Savings & Trust Company, Hazleton; capital, $125,000.

Martin Coal Company, Philadelphia; capital, $10,000.

The York & Windsor Gas Company, Dallastown; capital, $20,000.

George B. McAbee Powder & Oil Company, Pittsburg; capital, $25,000.

Washington Township Water Company, Fayette County; capital, $5000.

Yoe Electric Light Company, York County; capital, $5000.

Harsimmus Coal Company, Philadelphia; capital, $100,000.

Lee & Hamilton, Inc., Pittsburg; capital, $25,000.

Thomas R. Mackey Baking Company, Pittsburg; capital, $5000.

Voucher Cigar & Manufacturing Company, McKeesport; capital, $25,000

Eastern Automobile Company, Philadelphia; capital, $10,000.

National Metal Molding Company, Pittsburg; capital, $30,000.

Warrants for back pay under the provisions of the Judges' salary act of 1903 are being held up at the State Treasury, and the Auditor General's Department has been notified to issue no more until the suit to test the validity of the act is settled. This condition is necessitated by a move on the part of James M. W. Newlin, of Philadelphia, who has taken the matter into the United States Circuit Court in an appeal from the recent decision of the State Supreme Court that the act is constitutional. Several warrants for back pay have already been cashed by the State Treasurer.

Frank Zillings and Thomas Pickwick, aged 13 years, were convicted in Juvenile Court of Norristown of malicious mischief in piling railroad ties on the tracks of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway below Bridgeport, in order to wreck a northbound passenger train. A disaster was averted by the discovery of the ties by a shifting crew. Pickwick confessed that there were five boys in the crowd. He also said that the week before they had set a merchant's wagon on fire to get the iron on it for junk. The boys were committed to the Catholic Protectory at Flatlands.

A committee representing the League of Third Class Cities of Pennsylvania met at Harrisburg to prepare legislation for presentation to the Legislature. The committee decided to prepare bills empowering authorities of third-class cities that own water plants to make contracts to supply neighboring towns and hamlets with water and authorizing the water department officials of such cities to investigate the sources of their water supply and protect them from contamination. The committee has prepared a bill authorizing city treasurers to receive all taxes collected within the cities, and is working on a bill to make more uniform the assessment of real estate in third class cities. City Solicitor Gardner, of Newcastle, is chairman of the committee.

Positions as letter-carriers at Pottstown are eagerly sought, as the work is regarded as tending to prolong life. During the fourteen years that free delivery service has been in operation in that town there has not been a death among the letter-carriers. Three of them were Civil War veterans, well past middle age, when appointed, and they are still carrying the mails. They are John H. Bond, William H. Jones and G. W. Rohn.

A meeting of a commission of National Guard officials, of which General J. P. S. Gobin is chairman, was held at Harrisburg, for the purpose of discussing legislation for an appropriation for the erection of armories for National Guard organizations throughout the State that at present are compelled to rent buildings. The meeting was attended by Adjutant General Stewart, Brigader General Schall, Brigader General Gobin, Colonel A. J. Logan, Colonel Tilghman, Third Regiment; Colonel Bowman, First Regiment; Colonel Dougherty, Ninth Regiment; Colonel William F. Richardson, of General Miller's staff, and Captain Jones, of the Sheridan Troop. A long discussion ensued and General Gobin, Colonels Bowman, Tilghman and Dougherty and Captain Jones were empowered to draft a bill covering recommendations in General Stewart's report and providing for an appropriation of $50,000 annually for armories for six years. Adjutant General Stewart in his annual report says: "No State has been better served by the citizen soldier than Pennsylvania, and while the State has been liberal in their maintenance, yet it has failed to provide proper army facilities, and has done nothing along this line beyond giving an annual allowance of $200 per company for armory rent purposes. This is insufficient. In some communities where excellent organizations exist no suitable hall or building can be rented for armory purposes." In his report General Stewart will also recommend that an annual allowance should be made to officers to assist them in defraying the expense of providing themselves with uniforms and equipments.

It is now believed that H. A. Klensing, who shot and killed Millie Crever, an Austrian, at Martic Forge, a week ago, is still in that vicinity. After the shooting Klensing disappeared near Safe Harbor. The other night the commissary department of the contractors, by whom the two men were employed was broken into and everything belonging to Klensing, including his clothing, was taken. It is believed that the fugitive had been hiding in the river hills and decided to secure his effects before leaving the country.

SUFFERED FROM CATARRH OF LUNGS SO COMMON IN WINTER.

CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

A PLAIN TALK

On a Plain Subject in Plain Language.

The coming winter will cause at least one-half of the women to have catarrh, colds, coughs, pneumonia or consumption. Thousands of women will lose their lives and tens of thousands will acquire some chronic ailment from which they will never recover.

KEEP PERUNA IN THE HOUSE

Unless you take the necessary precautions, the chances are that you (who read this) will be one of the unfortunate ones. Little or no risk need be run if Peruna is kept in the house and at the first appearance of any symptom of catarrh taken as directed on the bottle.

Peruna is a safeguard, a preventative, a specific, a cure for all cases of catarrh, acute and chronic, coughs, colds, consumption, etc.

For free medical advice, address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A COLD ON THE LUNGS THREATENS TO BECOME SERIOUS.

Pe-ru-na Brings Speedy Relief.

Mrs. H. E. Adams, ex-President Palmetto Club, of New Orleans, La., writes from 110 Garfield Court, South Bend, Ind., as follows:

"I am pleased to endorse Peruna, as I took it about a year ago and it soon brought me relief from a cold on my lungs which threatened to be serious.

"The lungs were sore and inflamed, I coughed a couple of hours every night, and I felt that something must be done before my lungs became affected.

"Peruna was suggested by some of my friends who had used it, and acting upon their advice I tried it and found that it was able to bring about a speedy cure. You have my highest endorsement and thanks for the good it did me."

Sounding the Praises of Peruna.

Mrs. Frances Wilson, 32 Nelson St., Clinton, Mass., writes:

"Had you seen me at the time of my illness and now, you would not wonder that I take delight in sounding the praises of Peruna.

"My ailment was a severe cold which attacked the bronchial tubes and lungs.

"I followed your special directions and after using six bottles of Peruna, I was on my feet again. I think Peruna a wonderful medicine."

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

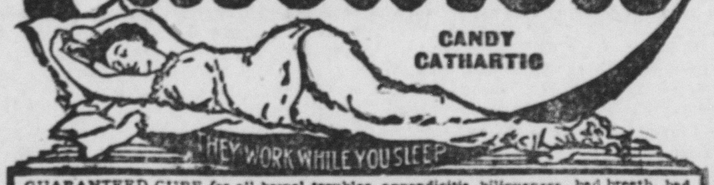
DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

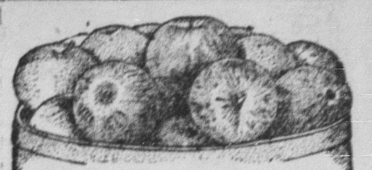
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502



DYSPEPSIA

SICK HEADACHE.

TRADE MARK.

CONSTIPATION

PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED WITH

Crab Orchard Water.

A Century's Experience, With Successful Results, is the Best Testimonial.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Crab Orchard Water Co.,

Louisville, Ky.

Better Fruits—Better Profits

Better peaches, apples, pears and berries are produced when Potash is liberally applied to the soil. To insure a full crop, of choicest quality, use a fertilizer containing not less than **10 per cent. actual**

Potash

Send for our practical books of information; they are not advertising pamphlets, booming special fertilizers, but are authoritative treatises. Sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
93 Nassau St.,
New York.

Constipation

Biliousness, Sick Headache and all Liver and Bowel Complaints can be cured by using according to directions

Parsons' Pills

They do not irritate the stomach and bowels like violent purges, but act easily and gently. Taken after dinner by hearty eaters they remove all possibility of indigestion. 25 cents a bottle; five $1.00, at druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Livingston's True Blue Seeds.

Send us five 2-cent stamps. We'll then mail you one packet each of Livingston's Beauty Tomato, Livingston's Ideal Cabbage, Livingston's Emerald Cucumber, Crosby's Egyptian Beet and Wonderful Lettuce, and our 164 page Seed Annual. Send us back the empty bags and we will accept them at 5 cents each on any order amounting to 50 cents or over.

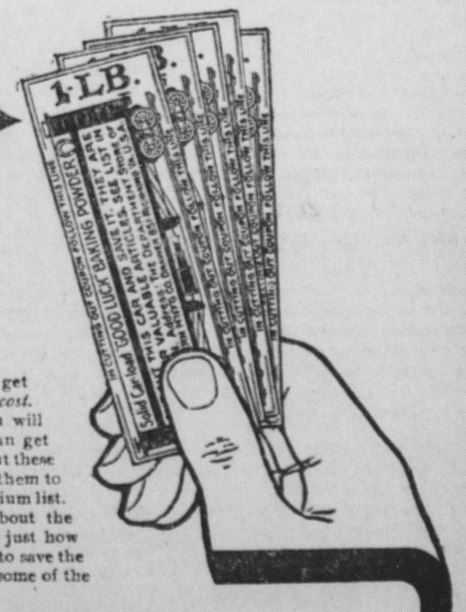
THE LIVINGSTON SEED CO.,

BOX 423, COLUMBUS, O.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions, free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks collected.

NoMoreBlindHorses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

Every Coupon Counts for a present with GOOD LUCK Baking Powder



Buy Good Luck Baking Powder. In so doing you get the *most* of the *purest* baking powder at the *smallest cost.* Furthermore, if you will save the coupons that you will find plainly printed *on the label* of each can, you can get the beautiful premiums we are now offering. Cut out these coupons. They are valuable. It takes but a few of them to obtain some of the numerous useful gifts on the premium list.

A little book inside of every can explains all about the premiums. It shows a picture of each gift and tells just how many coupons are required to get them. Don't fail to save the coupons. Take a delight in your baking and secure some of the charming premiums.

GOOD LUCK

Baking Powder

was established in 1892. The sales have so increased to date, that to-day we are shipping Good Luck Baking Powder in carload lots to every section of the country. The cause of this enormous popularity is plain. In Good Luck, housekeepers get not only a positively pure baking powder of great leavening force, but at a price a little less than they have been accustomed to pay for some other kind that was not as satisfactory in results.

When buying Good Luck think of its *purity* and consider the *good results* obtained from its use. Remember every Good Luck coupon counts for a present. If your grocer doesn't keep Good Luck, send us his name and we will see that you are supplied.

THE SOUTHERN MANUFACTURING CO.,
Richmond, Va.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: '00" means July, 1900; '01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1 00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

Harris Township.

S. E. Weber shipped four car loads of hay.

P. S. Ishler made a business trip to Virginia.

Miss Maude Irvin, of Penn'a Furnace visited here.

Mrs. Susanna Ishler is visiting her son at Potters Mills.

Some necessary repairing was done at the Reformed church last week.

Mrs. Mary Goheen visited for a few days among friends at Spring Mills.

Mrs. David Tressler and daughter Bertha were visitors from Pine Hall.

Miss Amanda Behres, of Puddingtown, spent a few weeks in this vicinity.

A number of friends from State College enjoyed an evening at the Fortney home.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Koch, of Ferguson township, spent Saturday in Boalsburg.

Miss Izora Rupp returned from a visit to Washington and other southern cities.

County Supt. Gramley visited the schools last week.

Miss Bessie Searson left last Thursday for an extended visit with friends in Philadelphia.

Some of our people attended the funeral of Conrad Struble, at Pine Grove Mills, on Saturday.

William Homan and son Edward, of near Centre Hall, enjoyed a sleigh ride to Boalsburg on Saturday.

Ex-Sheriff W. A. Ishler and wife, of Bellefonte, attended the Odd Fellows' banquet last Thursday evening.

A meeting of the Penns Valley Ministerial Association was held at the Lutheran parsonage on the 10th.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Myers, with their little son Harold and Miss Rose Meek, were visitors from Altoona.

John Hook and Boyd Hoover were working in Bellefonte the last two weeks, at their occupation as plasterers.

A sled load of people from Boalsburg and one from Shingletown spent Friday evening at the home of Odes Corl, at Pine Hall.

A company of young people from Bellefonte and Pleasant Gap were entertained at the home of Walker Shutt on Tuesday evening.

Rev. A. A. Black conducted a series of evening services in Bethel church, at Pine Grove Mills, which culminated in communion service on Sunday morning.

Services are being held in St. John's church, Boalsburg, this week. Rev. Samuel Stein, of Lock Haven, will preach Thursday evening, Friday morning and evening. Preparatory service, Friday morning and communion Sunday morning.

John Brisbin, of near Girard, Kansas, is visiting friends in this his boyhood home. Twenty-two years have elapsed since his last visit here. He, with his sister, Mrs. Mary Hess, visited the latter's son, John Hess, at Dubois, and after their return from that place spent a few days with friends at Centre Hall. His wife, who died about four years ago, was Mary Geiss, a sister of David Geiss, of Centre Hall.

Rebersburg.

Rev. William Scholl, of Williamsport, is paying a short visit to his mother, Mrs. Jane Scholl.

Miss Kathryn Smull, of Aaronsburg, spent last Saturday visiting her aged grandmother, Mrs. Hettie Gramley, who is seriously ill.

Frank Ream, of near Penn Hall, is painting and trimming buggies for William Hackman.

Mr. and Mrs. William Haines, of this place, are spending a few days with friends in Mifflinburg.

L. B. Frank and Jerome Moyer, of this place, attended the funeral of Rev. Dr. Wolf, at Gettysburg.

Harry Moyer, the Millheim life insurance agent, was in town Friday.

It is said that Claud Haines has received the contract to carry the mail between this place and Coburn. It is to take effect some time in June.

Rev. Bixler is conducting a series of meetings in this place, which are largely attended.

The sidewalks are covered with a thick coat of ice making it necessary for the people to walk on the road.

Go to J. A. Reesman for nickel plated ware.

Oak Hall.

James Stover, who has been employed as molder for Edward Sellers, left for Ohio Saturday, at which place he has secured employment.

Mrs. George Bailey and daughters, from Altoona, spent several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kline, in this place.

Mrs. Daniel Weaver and Mrs. Whithill, of Lemont, were visitors in town over Sunday.

Miss Lydia Kline, of Philipsburg, is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Kline.

Wm. Shutt and family, of Houserville, passed through town Sunday.

Wm. and Lloyd Houtz, of Lemont, were callers here last Friday.

Charles Dale, last Friday, was a caller at the home of his mother Mrs. Henrietta Dale, who is not enjoying good health at this time.

Mrs. Wm. Bressler and her brother, Joseph Krumbine, attended the funeral of their grandfather, John Holderman, at Houserville, last Saturday.

Mrs. Benner is able to be about again after a few days' illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Brown, of Pine Hall, and Mr. Harshbarger, of Linden Hall, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. Barnhart.

Mrs. John Reish is confined to the house from an attack of rheumatism, but at this time she is improving.

Mr. Close, the enterprising merchant, has rented the old Korman property and expects to move his store into that room as his room is too small to accommodate his growing trade.

John Close, of Boalsburg, expects to become a citizen of this town in the spring.

Mrs. John Close and two interesting children spent Saturday with Mr. Close's parents, at this place.

Rev. and Mrs. Stonecypher are spending a few days with the Reverend's sister, at Montoursville, this week.

Edward Williams spent Saturday at the county seat, transacting business.

Miss Leddie Kline is visiting at the home of her parents for a few weeks, after an extended stay at Philipsburg.

Cornelius Kline is working at the College, in the boiler room, as fireman.

Messrs. Grimes and Blazer are busy getting chemical wood off the mountain.

M. B. Hering, present justice of the peace, having discharged the duties of the office very satisfactorily, will be a candidate for renomination.

Wm. Ruhl, the popular livery man, remarked a few days ago, that if he had a dozen or more sleighs at the present time, he would have use for them all. Mr. Ruhl can hardly accommodate half the demands now made on him for teams.

C. P. Long, contemplates making some very decided improvements to his extensive store building in the spring; other improvements are in contemplation, and if all of them are entered into Spring Mills will be a very lively village during the early summer.

Michael Shires the popular life insurance agent, manages to visit his family about once in ten days or two weeks, his large and increasing business keeping him continually on the move.

The James McCool property, near the Bibby House on the hill, was bought by C. E. Zeigler last week for $827. Mr. Zeigler expects to take possession of it about April 1st.

W. R. From, of Mifflinburg, made a business trip to this place Monday of this week.

George Garman, who occupied the From property, moved his family to Tyrone, where he has secured employment.

Mr. and Mrs. James McCool, of Rebersburg, were in town one day last week arranging for the sale of their home.

Gise Wagner and family, living near Farmers Mills, very pleasantly entertained a sled load of their Spring Mills friends last Thursday evening.

A party of young people went to Aaronsburg on Monday evening of last week and were entertained at the home of Samuel Roush. They returned in the "wee small hours."

Mr. and Mrs. John McCool, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McCool and Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Brown, spent Sunday with friends in Rebersburg.

Dr. and Mrs. Braucht and little son Dean visited in Centre Hall Monday evening.

The order of Odd Fellows of this lodge entertained eighteen members of the Bellefonte lodge, who, taking advantage of the good sleighing came over for the meeting last Friday night.

Plum Grove.

Mary Carper, of Linden Hall, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Nathaniel Zeigler.

Hoover Dalby expects to move into the tenement house of George Bradford, at the Old Fort.

Miss Maggie Kuhn spent Sunday at the home of W. H. Swartz.

Mr. Zeigler and son Charles, of Pleasant Gap; Solomon Lingle and wife, of Old Fort, spent a day at the home of Nathaniel Zeigler.

Ranges and parlor stoves at the lowest prices—J. A. Reesman.

The Sick.

Among the sick reported to this office are William Scholl, whose condition remains very critical; Mrs. Isaac Smith, east of Centre Hall, ill of pneumonia; Mrs. J. B. Royer and Miss Annie Love, Centre Hill, la grip; D A. Boozer, tonsilitis; Mrs. G. M. Boal, Mrs. Shannon Boal.

Merchant W. H. Meyer Wednesday returned from Beaver, near Pittsburg, where he spent a week with his daughter, Mrs. I. V. Musser.

John Brisbin, of Girard, Kansas, is east on a visit. He went west from near Tusseyville in 1867, and was here but once, twenty-two years ago, in that time. He is engaged in farming. He is a cousin of B. D. Brisbin, in this place.

Died at Potters Mills.

David Riley Ruskins died at Potters Mills, Thursday of last week, and was interred at Milroy Monday, Rev. J. M. Rearick officiating. His age was thirty-five years and he was a native of Dublin, Maryland. He is survived by his wife, nee Mary McClenahan, of Potters Mills, and three children. The cause of his death was consumption from which he suffered more or less for five years.

The death of Mr. Ruskins occurred on the ninth anniversary of his marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruskins lived in Altoona, where he was employed by the A. T. T. Company.

Millheim.

Wm. Mauck, of Nittany, passed through here Monday with a large sled load of dressed fat porkers which he gathered up in this vicinity.

A party was given Friday evening of last week, in honor of Fred, the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Harter, by a large sled load of young people from Brush Valley. There were also quite a number of young ladies and gentlemen of this place present by invitation. It is reported that all enjoyed themselves, with the exception of those who wished to sleep.

Miss Mary Noll, formerly of this place, but now of Dewart was a visitor at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Henney, over Sunday.

Harry, son of A. F. Harter, is nursing quite a sore arm, the result of a scratch of a pin.

John, son of Perry Confer, while chopping wood in the mountain Saturday, cut his leg near the ankle. The gash was long and deep and was dressed by Dr. Frank, requiring four stitches.

Harry Siegel, of Washington, D. C., arrived Monday for the purpose of buying up a car load of horses.

W. H. Meyer and Miss Margaret Weaver attended the Odd Fellows' banquet at Boalsburg, Thursday evening of last week.

Miss Margaret Stuart, of State College, was the guest of Miss Eva Miller Saturday last.

Misses Blanche Confer and Jeannett Kerstetter visited relatives and friends at State College several days last week.

Thursday last, Mr. and Mrs. A. Kessler paid a visit to Max Zerby, brother of Mrs. Kessler, who is lying ill at a farm house near Tusseyville.

Mrs. J. C. Smith, who went to the home of her parents at Rote, Clinton county, about two weeks ago, to attend the wedding of her sister, arrived home Monday.

Pine Stump.

Misses May Walker, Dora Askey, and Tessie Smoyer spent Thursday at the home of the former's grandparents Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Walker.

John Garver assisted Wm. Walker in taking his team of gray horses to State College, where he sold them to Wm. Hoy, for $350 00.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jodon, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday and Monday at the home of Jacob Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moyer spent Saturday at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Wm. McKinney, at Potters Mills.

Mrs. Irvin Burris returned home Tuesday after spending a week with her brothers at Pittsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Walker and son Wm. were at Bellefonte Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Zeigler is sick; all hope for her speedy recovery.

John Williams and family spent Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. John K. Runkle, at Spring Mills.

John W. White and family, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday at the home of John Williams.

Potter Tate and daughter, Miss Mary, of Yeagertown, visited at the home of Wm. Tate over Sunday.

John Harshbarger spent Monday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Harshbarger..

Mr. and Mrs. George Ralsome, of Lemont; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Ralsome, of State College; Potter Tate and Wm. Bodle, of Pleasant Gap; Mr. and Mrs. Mervin Arney, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday at the home of Wm. Tate.

David Snyder and family spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Snyder, Centre Hall.

The saw mill on the Wm. Noll timber tract has been running steadily for the past week.

Low Excursion Rates to Southern Winter Resorts.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway offers excursion rates and is the shortest and quickest route to Pinehurst, Southern Pines, Camden and the well known resorts of Florida and other parts of the South. The famous Seaboard Florida Limited makes one of the three through trains of the Seaboard now operated between the north and Florida, with Pullman Sleeping cars and Dining cars. With this service you will find the Seaboard, in addition to being the shortest line, the quickest and most convenient and attractive route to Florida and the other Southern Winter Resorts. J. J. Puller, District Passenger Agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, with offices at 1411 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, will cheerfully furnish any information desired regarding rates, schedules, resort points, climate, hotels, etc. Write him if you contemplate a trip.

FLORIDA.

Personally-Conducted Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The first Jacksonville tour of the season via the Pennsylvania Railroad, allowing two weeks in Florida, leaves New York, Philadelphia, and Washington by special train January 31. Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals en route in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50 00; Buffalo, $54.45; Rochester, $54 00; Elmira, $51.45; Erie, $54.85; Williamsport, $50 00; Wilkesbarre, $50.35; and at proportionate rates from other points.

Similar tours will be run February 14 and 28.

For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. (4)

Florida, the Carolinas,—Famous Winter Resorts.

No part of America is attracting so many health and pleasure seekers as the world famous winter resorts of the Carolinas and Florida, which are reached directly by the Seaboard Air Line Railway. This wonderful country has become the great national winter home of both the pleasure tourist and health seekers, fully and readily responding to the needs of both.

No grander climate nor more reasonable living can be found anywhere. Avoid the rigors of northern winter by a sojourn in Flowery Florida or among the Carolina pines of our Sunny Southland. Best reached by the Seaboard Air Line Railway with three daily trains carrying Pullmans and Dining cars through Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida.

Write for information and illustrated Booklets.

J. J. FULLER, Dist. Pass. Agt.
1411 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

Ayer's

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral quiets tickling throats, hacking coughs, pain in the lungs. It relieves congestion, subdues inflammation. It heals, strengthens. Your doctor will explain this to you. He knows all about this cough medicine.

Cherry Pectoral

"We have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in our family for 25 years for throat and lung troubles, and we think no medicine equals it."
MRS. A. POMEROY, Appleton, Minn.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for Weak Throats

Ayer's Pills greatly aid recovery. Purely vegetable, gently laxative.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			Stations		Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5			No 6	No 4	No 2
A. M.	P M	P M	Lv.	Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 10	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE		9 20	5 10	9 40
7 21	2 41	6 51	Nigh		9 07	4 57	9 27
7 26	2 46	6 56	Zion		9 01	4 51	9 21
7 33	2 53	7 03	Hecla Park		8 55	4 45	9 15
7 35	2 55	7 05	Dunkles		8 53	4 42	9 13
7 39	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG		8 49	4 38	9 09
7 43	3 03	7 14	Snydertown		8 46	4 34	9 05
7 45	3 05	7 16	Nittany		8 44	4 31	9 02
7 47	3 07	7 19	Huston		8 42	4 28	9 00
7 51	3 11	7 23	LAMAR		8 39	4 25	8 57
7 53	3 13	7 25	Clintondale		8 36	4 22	8 54
7 57	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring		8 32	4 18	8 51
8 01	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville		8 28	4 13	8 46
8 07	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs		8 22	4 07	8 40
8 10	3 30	7 42	Salona		8 20	4 05	8 38
8 15	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL		8 15	4 00	8 33
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)							
11 45		8 38	Jersey Shore		3 16		7 50
12 20		9 10	Arr.	W'msport Lve	2 40		7 20
12 29	11 30		Lve.	W'msport Arr.	2 25		6 50
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)							
7 30		6 50	PHILA		8 36		11 30
10 40		9 02	NEW YORK		4 30		7 30
(Via Philad.)							
P. M.		A. M.		A. M.			P. M.
10 40			Ar New York	Lv.	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)							

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
6	4	2	STATIONS.	1	3	5
P.M.	P. M	A M	Ar. Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	2 25	8 50	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 00
6 15	2 10	8 40	Coleville	6 35	10 37	4 07
6 12	2 07	8 37	Morris	6 38	10 42	4 10
6 08	2 02	8 35	Stevens	6 43	10 47	4 15
6 05	1 55	8 31	Hunters	6 46	10 51	4 18
6 03	1 51	8 28	Fillmore	6 50	10 56	4 21
5 59	1 45	8 24	Briarly	6 55	11 02	4 25
5 55	1 40	8 20	Weddles	7 00	11 05	4 28
5 37	1 22	8 07	Krumrine	7 12	11 20	4 40
5 30	1 15	8 00	State College	7 25	11 35	4 45
5 10		7 45	Struble	7 27		4 50
5 05		7 40	Bloomsdorf	7 31		4 55
5 00		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		5 00

STOP, LOOK, READ

I have just received a full line of the best

...Granite Ware...

I could buy, which I will sell at prices that will astonish you. This line includes - - -

Dish Pans, Coffee and Tea Pots, Stew Kettles, Sauce Pans, Wash Basins, Water Buckets, Dippers, Etc.

Parlor Stoves and Ranges

I have a few Parlor Stoves and Ranges left from the Fall stock that I will sell at remarkably low figures.

I also have a fine line of NICKEL PLATED COPPER WARE. Come and examine my goods. No trouble to show them.

...J. A. REESMAN...
CENTRE HALL, PA.

The January Clearance Sale

Begin the New Year with a resolution to wear a new suit and overcoat. You can get them here at greatly reduced prices, and a splendid stock to select from.

We put in an unusually large stock of the best made clothing, and still have enough left of the right kind.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

...O. T. CORMAN...
SPRING MILLS

Being headquarters for holiday goods and having done a very large business, the remaining goods—left over—I am now selling at ridiculously low prices. Such as dolls, go-carts, wagons, barrows, horses and a large quantity of toy candy, games, ornaments, novelties, etc., will be sold absolutely regardless of cost to close out the entire stock. All the holiday goods must be sold to make room for general merchandise.

Now is your opportunity to buy goods at your own prices. My counters are lined with the greatest bargains you ever saw. Why pay fancy prices at other stores when you can buy goods here at about half their value? An examination will convince you.

Candies and Confectionary

Just received another lot of choice candies and confectionary, consisting of chocolates, vanilla almonds, creams, mints, cocoanut, Spanish bon-bons, French mixture. Fine confectionary in boxes, and a large assortment of stick and toy candies. English walnuts, paper shell almonds and Pecan nuts, also a very large assortment of fancy cakes, oranges, lemons, bananas and table raisins.

Jewelry

Also an elegant array of fine Jewelry—chains, rings, seals, brooches, cuff and collar buttons, and infants' neck chains.

Notions and Dry Goods

An invoice of notions just opened and now displayed on the counters. Gloves, mittens, neckwear, collars, 'kerchiefs and fine umbrellas. Dry goods department has also been replenished with a line of elegant dress goods in all the beautiful fall and winter shades, also gingham, muslin and a choice line of superb woolen blankets.

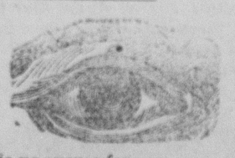
Groceries

My groceries are all fresh and carefully selected. In addition to regular sugar, coffee and spices I have a very desirable line of breakfast foods, canned goods, table oil, olives and sardines.

Glass and Queensware

My stock of glass and queensware is very complete. Elegant dinner and tea sets, from 75 to 125 pieces; cut glass, beautiful lamps and fine Bohemian and Japanese shades.

Take Care of Your Eyes....



There is no excuse for you now to neglect your Eyes

Dr. M. B. Brodsky
OF PHILADELPHIA

The well known Eye Specialist, is now in town, and as advertised will examine your eyes

....FREE OF CHARGE....

And Guarantee You Absolute Satisfaction, no matter how many may have given your case up. I guarantee to improve your vision, provided there is any vision left.

Call on me or drop me a postal card and I will call on you.

LOCATION—At Centre Hall, at the residence of George Nearhood, week of January 16, 1905.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	1 10
Barley	45	Oats	30
		Corn	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	07	Butter	20
Potatoes	40	Eggs	25

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite,
Don't fail to get my prices.

BOALSBURG I. O. O. F.

Banqueted to Celebrate 30th Anniversary —130 Covers.

Boalsburg Lodge, I. O. O. F., celebrated their thirtieth anniversary by a banquet Thursday evening of last week. About one hundred and thirty persons were present.

Turkey and other meats, cranberries, celery, ice cream, cake, coffee and other delicacies were served. Much credit is due to the ladies who prepared the repast.

After the supper R. B. Harrison acted as toast master, speeches and talks being made by the following gentlemen: H. M. Heberling, Pine Grove Mills; W. H. Fry, Fairbrook; ex-Sheriff W. A. Ishler, Bellefonte,—veterans of the civil war,—Rev. A. A. Black, Prof. Theo. S. Rupp, Geo. C. Meyer, J. A. Rupp and D. W. Myers, the latter being one of the three charter members who are still living. Herb. Ward, of Pine Grove Mills, entertained the company with a graphaphone.

Boalsburg Lodge is in a flourishing condition both financially and numerically. The building contains the Lodge room on second floor and store room on first floor, being one of the most desirable properties in Boalsburg. It was purchased by them from J. H. Weber for the sum of $2300.

The thanks of the invited guests are tendered to the members of the order for the evening's enjoyment.

Directors' Association Meets.

The second annual meeting of the School Directors' Association is in session in Bellefonte today (Thursday)—three sessions—forenoon, afternoon and evening.

Marriage Licenses.

James L. Decker, Centre Hall.
Verna L. Durst, Centre Hall.

Aaron Weller, Julian.
Lillie Swisher, Julian.

James H. Shuey, Lemont.
Fanny Fogleman, Lemont.

John H. Robison, Port Matilda.
Sara E. Kellerman, Tyrone.

Elmer C. Hettinger, Spring Mills.
Mattie M. Armbruster, Spring Mills.

Keith's Next Week.

Beginning Monday, January 23, the attractions at Keith's Philadelphia Theatre will be unusually strong, if it is possible to be stronger one week than another: The four Montons—Sam, Kitty, Paul and Clara, in comedy, singing and dancing specialties; Ellie Fay, "The Bell of Avenue A," will appear for the last week in vaudeville as she recently signed a contract as the leading comedienne for the new Hippodrome, New York; Loddie's dogs, some of the greatest leaping Russian Wolf Hounds in the world; Fox and Clark, comedy sketch, "The Old Curiosity Shop"; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Kelcy, unusually clever and novel comedy sketch, "Uncle Phineas"; Ali and Peyser, aerial revolving ladder; The Woodwards, rural comedy; Ben Reinhold, Philadelphia's favorite monologist, and many other specialties.

LOCALS.

W. R From, of Mifflinburg, was in town Monday.

Methodist appointments—Centre Hall, morning; Sprucetown, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Lost—A pair of gold rimmed glasses by Lena Emerick, between her home and the school house, in Centre Hall.

Senator P. C. Knox was elected United States Senator for both the unexpired term of Senator Quay and the full term of six years.

After being in the ministry for forty-two years, Dr. H. C. Holloway resigned as pastor of the Bellefonte Lutheran church. He will continue his residence in Bellefonte, and pursue literary work.

H. Bruce Moyer, who for some years has been operating the Moyer flouring mills at Spring Bank, near Millheim, will quit the business in the spring, owing to the fact that milling does not agree with him from a point of health. Mr Kline, elsewhere referred to in this issue, has leased the mill in question.

Messrs. C. W. Musser, Burchard R. Musser and William Musser, sons of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Musser, of Spring Mills, are engaged in the Pennsylvania railroad shops, Altoona, in making boilers. They are studying their particular line of work, and are becoming efficient and valuable help in the boiler department of the large shops named.

A party was given to Margaret Mitterling, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mitterling, in this place, Tuesday evening, that being her fifteenth anniversary. Refreshments were served. Each one enjoyed themselves greatly, and all wish her many more birthdays. She was presented with numerous tokens of esteem by the invited guests.

Messrs. John F. and Harry D. Hagen, the Farmers Mills, contractors and builders were callers Wednesday. Among the work for next spring will be the erection of a new dwelling house on the A. P. Luse farm and remodeling the barn; remodeling barn for Samuel Long, Farmers Mills, which will be practically new, and a number of others in Nittany Valley.

LOCALS.

John D. Miller and John S. Hosterman, of Hublersburg, attended a meeting of the Masonic order Monday night.

Messrs. Oliver K. Long, of Lemont; Daniel Ripka, Spring Mills, and Benjamin Stover, of near Centre Hill, called at the Reporter office during the absence of the writer.

Ira Grossman, of near Penns Cave, the guardian of the Arney-Mingle peach orchard, called Tuesday. Mr. Grossman states that the peach trees are in splendid condition.

D. F. Postle hwite, of Newport, representing the Johnson Harvesting Company, was in town Tuesday and secured Messrs. J. H. and S. E. Weber to sell that company's machines. Their advertisement will be found in another column.

Two new acts that will appear in this country very soon will be that of "Lara," the sensational electrical and novelty exhibition, and "Orinoa," the santella dancing act of Europe, that have come over under arrangement with Mr. Feiber for the Keith Tour.

D. J. Meyer has been appointed Democratic chairman for 1905, by county chairman, Capt. H. S. Taylor. Mr. Meyer belongs to the old school of Democratic hustlers, and will do his part to accomplish the election of the Democratic ticket—local and otherwise.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Grove, of near Penns Cave, and Mrs. Cyrus Grove, of Boalsburg, Saturday morning, went to Glen Iron to attend the funeral of William Showalter, a brother of the two ladies mentioned above. Mr. Showalter was aged about sixty-five years, and some years ago lived in Harris township.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin S. Meyer, of Altoona, were among those from a distance who attended the Odd Fellows' banquet at Boalsburg, last week. Before returning home, Mrs. Meyer visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Stover, south of Centre Hall. Mr. Meyer is a lumber inspector for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and found his time too much taken up to extend his trip to Centre Hall.

George W. Kline and father, John Kline, of Oak Hall, have leased the flouring mill of J. K. Moyer, at Spring Bank, between Millheim and Rebersburg, and will take possession in the spring. Mr. Kline learned the milling business at Farmers Mills under Miller Bradford, and later operated the same mill for Samuel Frederick. He also worked in the Howard rolling mill for W. H. Long, and may be looked upon as having had sufficient experience to be a first-class miller.

E. P. Shook, of Spring Mills, one of the Shook Brothers, who devote their time to growing the best stock, fruit, potatoes, etc., was in town Tuesday. He is a close observer of fruit trees, and it is his opinion that from present indications, the peach buds are in splendid condition. Mr. Shook is following in the footsteps of C. K. Sober, and at present has about thirteen acres devoted to Paragon chestnuts, and it is his intention to keep on grafting additional sprouts each year. He anticipates the chestnut orchard becoming a money maker in future days, and so it no doubt will.

Decker—Durst.

James L. Decker and Miss Verna L. Durst were married at the Reformed parsonage, Centre Hall, by Rev. Daniel Gress, Tuesday evening. The groom is a son of M. M. Decker, and the bride is a daughter of Philip Durst, both living east of Centre Hall. The happy couple started for Pittsburg and other points in the western part of the state on a brief honeymoon trip.

I. O. O. F. Banquet.

The Centre Hall Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 895, held their twenty-ninth annual banquet Monday evening in Grange Arcadia, seventy-four persons participating. The guests included members of the order, their wives, members of their families, or their sweethearts.

The order was instituted 1875, January 15, with a membership of twenty, present membership is sixty-eight. The order is in good financial standing and is growing in strength.

A few remarks were made by Toastmaster B. D. Brisbin, who stated that, while it was originally intended to have a number of toasts offered, it was decided later to dispense with that part of the program. Before closing his remarks, Mr. Brisbin, speaking for the order, congratulated the members of Progress Grange for the elaborate menu and the promptness and nicety of the service.

The menu cards displayed the colors of the order—white, pink, blue, scarlet—the pink and scarlet being shown in a dainty bow of ribbon. The menu included three courses.

MENU

Fruit

Celery — Pickles — Salad

Salmon — Lettuce

Turkey

Cranberries — Limas — Potatoes

Scalloped Oysters

Ices — Cakes — Confections

Tea — Coffee

J. A. Reesman advertises wares in his line.

The Pike Case Continued.

The Old Fort and Aaronsburg turnpike case set for January term of court has been continued by the court until the April term.

Borough Caucus

The Democratic voters will assemble in the council room, Bank Building, Saturday evening, January 21, to nominate borough officers for the ensuing year.

Grange Meeting.

There will be a regular meeting of Progress Grange Saturday afternoon. The library will be open between the hours of three and four o'clock. Last week there were quite a number of books taken by regular readers.

Chestnut Street Theatre.

That exuberantly mirthful person, May Irwin, began a two weeks' engagement in the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, and she has caused the theatre going people to cheer up. Miss Irwin appears in "Miss Black is Black."

The Garrick.

Henry Miller appears for the last week in the Garrick Theatre, Philadelphia, in Henry Arthur Jones' latest play "Joseph Entangled."

Next week, the Augustin Daly Musical Company in the latest London and New York success, "The Cingalee."

Wants Closed Game Season.

Assemblyman A. B. Garner, of Schuylkill county, has advertised a bill he intends introducing in the Legislature in the interest of the sportsmen. According to its provisions, quail, pheasants, woodcock and gray squirrels are to be absolutely protected during the present year.

Murder in Clinton County.

Saturday evening the body of Jimmy Castro, an Italian, was found on the Bald Eagle railroad track, near Mill Hall, and it was thought he had been killed by being struck by a train. Later it was discovered that the body was pierced by a bullet directly above and over the heart. A jury was empaneled, which decided that Castro came to his death by a bullet fired by an unknown person.

The unfortunate man is survived by a wife and one child, living in Mill Hall.

Frank Uavo, better known as Domenico, was arrested on suspicion of having committed the murder.

Fat Bulls Wanted.

Any one having any fat bulls for sale, please write H. D. Rossman, Spring Mills, Pa.

College of Music.

$34 pays six weeks instruction and board at the College of Music, Freeburg, Pa. Piano, organ, singing, brass and string instruments taught. Young people are as well cared for as at home. Terms begin May 1, June 12, July 24. For catalogue address,

07 HENRY B. MOYER.

Smith, the Photographer.

For the month of January, Smith, the Photographer, will make you one dozen of his $4.00 pictures for only $1.50 per dozen. Centre Hall gallery open every Friday until 2 o'clock.

W. W. SMITH,
Photographer.

Call.

The Democrats of Centre County will hold the caucuses for the nomination of candidates for borough, ward and precinct offices, on the 21st day of January, 1905. The committeemen of the several precincts and wards will take notice hereof, and fix the hour for holding of this caucus. Instructions and blanks will be sent in due time to each committeeman.

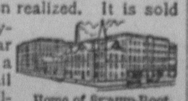
S. H. TAYLOR,
Chairman.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte,

MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1905,

At 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All those two certain lots of ground situated in Centre Hall borough, Centre county, Pennsylvania.

No. 1 Beginning at a stone adjoining lot of Joseph Bitner, thence north thirty and one-half degrees west ten and nine-tenth perches to a post, thence by mountain lot north fifty-eight degrees east thirteen and eight-tenth perches to a stone, thence by lot of Joseph Crotzer south twenty-five and one-half degrees east three and seven-tenth perches to a post, thence by same south twenty-nine degrees west eleven and two-tenth perches to a post, thence by the same south thirty-four and one-half degrees west five perches to a stone at the place of beginning, containing one hundred and ten perches.

Lot No. 2 Bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the turnpike and running eight feet along said turnpike into lot of Daniel Mosser to a stone, thence twenty-eight and one-half degrees east five perches to a stone, on the line of Neff and Mosser lot, containing one square perch and two-tenth of a perch. Thereon erected a two-story dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of F. E. and Elizabeth J. Arney.

H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., Jan 4, 1905

For Spring Sewing . . .

To those wishing to do their Spring Sewing we wish to announce that we now have a good line of—

DRESS GINGHAMS
APRON GINGHAMS
SKIRTINGS
MUSLINS
SHIRTINGS, suitable for men's fancy and working shirts.
SHEETINGS, 10-quarter yards wide.
PILLOW CASING, 42 and 45 inches wide.
DRESS GOODS—also a nice line of dress goods.
LADIES' WRAPPERS—A special line of ladies' wrappers, ready made, good quality, good fit.

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

2 Gold Fish
and Beautiful Globe
FREE . . . . .
With every Pound
of . . . . . .
..Baking Powder..
50 CENTS
Come to see our General Line of Merchandise
Mrs. J. W. Keller
LINDEN HALL

Come to our store and you will be convinced of a few facts in Footwear . . . . . .
....C. A. KRAPE....
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Kreamer & Son

The New Year has opened and we wish you all abundant success. Your success, in a measure, is determined upon whether you buy your supplies for the family at the lowest prices. We will do this much for you in 1905—offer you all the staple goods, groceries, etc., at the very lowest prices.

F. E. Wieland, Linden Hall.

This week offers you a number of Bargains . . . .

Flour Sifters	10c
Wash Basins	10c
Dish Pans	10c
Stew Pans and Kettles	10c
Pudding Pans, large sizes	10c

On the 10c counter you will find many things you need in the line of Tin Ware. We can show you a complete line of Lamps, Lanterns, Lard Cans, Wash Boilers, Wash Boards, Oil Cloth, Linoleum and almost anything in the Hardware Line at Very Low Prices.

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills
J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR
and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

OVER 76 MILLIONS
Represented in the
FREDERICK K. FOSTER AGENCY
WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE.....
The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.
Also, District Agent for . . .
The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

JOHN F. GRAY & SON
Successors to . . . .
GRANT HOOVER
Control sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.
The Best is the Cheapest.....
No mutuals; no assessments.
...Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Telephone connection.

Hides Wanted.

O. T. Corman, of Spring Mills, pays the highest price—in cash or trade for hides.

...Pianos and Organs...

THE LESTER PIANO is a strictly high grade instrument, endorsed by the New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass.; Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, Pa., as being unsurpassed for tone, touch and finish.

THE LAWRENCE 7-OCTAVE ORGAN is the only organ with the Saxaphone combination and correctly imitates orchestral instruments. TERMS to suit the buyer. Ask for catalogues and prices.

C. E. ZEIGLER, SPRING MILLS, PA.

Ayer's Pills Vegetable, liver pills. That is what they are. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Jayne's 1905 Almanac

FREE! Most useful of Family Hand-Books. 62d year of Publication. Printed in NINE DIFFERENT LANGUAGES. Contains Correct Calendars for all latitudes, Eclipse, Tide and Weather Tables, Astronomical data, list of Feast, Fast and other Holidays, graphic Moonlight Diagrams and choice illustrations, to which is added a complete CATALOGUE OF DISEASES, with directions how to treat them, given in perfectly plain, yet absolutely clean language. Your Druggist or Dealer will supply it to you FREE. If you fail to get it, a Postal Card request to DR. D. JAYNE & SON, PHILADELPHIA, will bring it to you FREE.

LIMITS OF WAR ZONE

Broken By Cossacks Who Raided South of Liaoyang.

THEY MAY FALL INTO A TRAP.

Japanese Contend That China's Failure to Enforce Neutrality Releases Them From Obligation to Observe Restriction, Which Russia Ignores—Japan Determined to Protect Herself.

The extensive raiding operations of General Mistchenko's 20,000 Cossacks in the rear of the Japanese forces in Manchuria and the Cossacks' invasion of neutral Chinese territory appears to threaten a general violation of the agreement by both belligerents which will call for prompt action by the powers to prevent China being dragged into the contest.

Reports received in Tokio say that the Cossacks have deliberately broken the limits of the war zone. Japanese officials, while regretting the extension of belligerent territory, declare that steps must be taken to stop the raiding expeditions.

While the Russian War Office will not admit that Mistchenko's cavalry movements are more than raiding expeditions, it is believed that they are preliminary to extensive operations which may seriously damage the Japanese lines of communication, providing the Japanese do not catch them in their town trap.

That the Japanese are as wary as ever is indicated in a dispatch to Lloyd's News Agency, London, from Yinkow, which gives a report that Mistchenko's raiding force was cut off on its way back by 8,000 Japanese despatched from Sanlihoo by General Oku.

The Japanese are pushing sapping operations toward the Russian lines at several points in Manchuria.

Japan Will Also Break the Limit.

Tokio (By Cable).—Later reports from Neuchwang indicate that General Mistchenko's Cossacks, in their recent raiding southwest of Liaoyang, deliberately invaded neutral territory, and broke the limits of the war zone.

The reported Russian note to the powers calling attention to China's non-enforcement of neutrality is regarded here in some quarters as absurd. It is felt that China's weakness and constant failure to enforce neutrality must release Japan from obligation to observe restrictions which Russia openly ignores.

While the extension of belligerent territory is to be regretted, it is felt that Japan must take steps to protect herself against the repetition of raiding expeditions, the success of which depends on the violation of neutral territory.

Great Operations Are Impending.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The War Office does not admit that the appearance of General Mistchenko's cavalry southwest of Liaoyang is more than a raiding expedition, designed to strike the railroad at several points and interrupt the transportation of General Nogi's guns from Port Arthur to Manchuria; but from certain indications it seems possible that it is preliminary to an operation of magnitude. General Mistchenko has over 20,000 horsemen, and, moving rapidly, might be able to seriously damage communications in the rear of Liaoyang.

The tone of dispatches from some Russian correspondents vaguely hints at very important developments, and the military writer for the Novoe Vremya expresses the opinion that the long calm since the battle of Shakhe is about to be broken. It is also noteworthy that there have been no official dispatches from General Kuropatkin for two days.

London (By Cable).—The tone of the rescript addressed by Emperor Nicholas to the army and navy is regarded here as putting an end to all present hopes of the possibility of mediation for peace and as indicating the likelihood that General Kuropatkin soon will resume the offensive.

PERISHED IN BURNING HOUSE.

New York Lawyer, With His Wife, Two Children and Servants Killed.

New York Special).—William T. Mason, a lawyer, and his family, consisting of wife and two children, Ellen, four years old, and Marion, six months, with a servant, Annie Wells, lost their lives in a fire which partially destroyed the brown-stone dwelling occupied by them at 133 West One Hundred and Thirtieth street.

Although neighbors say they heard cries of "Murder!" and "Burglars!" the police found nothing to indicate that the fire was not accidental. The whole family appears to have been suffocated. The bodies of the father and youngest child were untouched by the flames, and those of the others were probably burned after they had died.

A policeman and a neighbor who heard the cries attempted to get into the house by breaking windows of the parlor floor, but were driven back by the smoke. The firemen were unable to enter until after the lower part of the house and the halls had been burned out.

The charred bodies of Mrs. Mason, the servant and four-year-old child were found in a closet under the roof scuttle, through which they are supposed to have been attempting to escape. The bodies of Mr. Mason and the younger child were in a bedroom.

Woman Perished in Fire.

Waltham, Mass. (Special).—Mrs. Mary Craig Lovell, wife of F. C. Lovell, was burned to death in the Hotel Waltham, where she and her husband, F. C. Lovell, of Boston, were guests. Mrs. Lovell was on the fifth floor when the alarm sounded, and after the fire her lifeless body was found at the foot of a stairway. Margaret Connor and John McDonald were severely burned, and many guests escaped by means of ladders.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

The man who was killed while attempting to force an entrance into the home of the Lance brothers, near Monaco, Pa., has been identified as Arthur S. Harris, of Midway, Pa., a young man who had borne a spotless reputation.

Practically all the 600 miners who will take part in the Convention of the United Mineworkers have arrived in Indianapolis. President Mitchell's message is expected to make important recommendations.

President Robbins, of the Armour car lines, declares the charges made against the refrigerating company are based on testimony that is prejudiced and biased and in many respects false.

Minnie A. Worth, wife of Gorham A. Worth, a wealthy New York broker, secured a divorce from him as the result of a sensational episode in which Mr. Worth and Mrs. Emil Schaefer figured.

The heirs of Jonathan Clark, a millionaire contractor, of Chicago, have sued Miss Caroline Patterson, who was his sweetheart, for $300,000, which they charge she secured from him.

The report of the Philippine Commission was submitted to Congress by Secretary Taft, with a letter commenting on its principal recommendations.

Mr. Calvo, the Costa Rican minister, declared that the American Panama Company had no legal right to its alleged concession in that country.

William T. Wardwell, former treasurer of the Standard Oil Company, has given $100,000 for a site for a Red Cross hospital in New York.

Hugh Wallace and William Foraker, boys, about 12 years old, were drowned in Como Lake at Smyrna, Del., by the breaking of thin ice.

Mrs. Mary D. Winter secured in Reading, Pa., a verdict for $100 damages against Levi R. Stoudt, a Center township farmer.

Mrs. Mercedes L. Miles, of Brooklyn, filed a caveat against the probating of the will of her husband, Col. Thomas C. Miles.

William T. Mason, a lawyer, of New York; his wife, two children and nurse were burned to death in their home.

Alfred Vanderbilt is reported to have made millions by buying bargains in stocks when the market was depressed.

The land has been donated which will enable Princeton to get $385,000 from Mr. Carnegie to build a lake.

The President has accepted Mr. William Williams' resignation as commissioner of immigration at New York.

A number of philanthropists in New York have inaugurated a crusade on the vicious cadet system.

Archibald G. Loomis, whose name has been frequently mentioned in connection with the booming of the Montreal and Boston Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company stock by the failed firm of Munroe & Munroe, has tendered his resignation as vice president and director of the National City Bank of New York. The resignation will be accepted.

During habeas corpus proceedings in the case of Brodie L. Duke, of Durham, N. C., in New York, Mr. Delancey Nicoll, representing Mr. Duke's family, said they were anxious to rescue him from the associations of criminals. Mr. Duke will be examined by an insanity commission.

A sleighing party was run down by a trolley car at Altoona, Pa. Twenty-one persons were injured. An intoxicated driver is blamed for the accident.

By rare nerve and pluck, Miss Ellen Deming, aged 23 years, prevented two burglars from robbing a station of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

J. W. Bess was hanged at Lexington, Ky., for the murder of Mrs. Martha McQuinn Martin.

A New Jersey justice of the peace has decided that kissing is not a punishable crime.

All grades of refined sugar were advanced 10 cents per 100 pounds.

Forty cases of smallpox are said to exist at Horton, Kan.

The first snowstorm for two years prevails in Oregon.

Selma Variona and Charles Hines, coal miners, were caught under a fall of rock at the Hazle Mines Colliery, Pa., and instantly killed.

The Commercial Exchange of Philadelphia adopted resolutions asking the railroad companies to return to the old grain rates from the West.

K. H. Sarasohn, the pioneer Jewish newspaper publisher of the United States, died at his home, in New York, of pneumonia.

Former Gov. Silas Garber, first governor of Nebraska under the new constitution, died at his home, in Red Cloud, Neb.

Fire destroyed the Academy of Music block in Chelsea, Mass., and cause the serious injury to several persons.

Foreign.

The political parties in Panama have asked the United States Minister to withdraw the suggestion he made to the Washington government that the functions of the governor of the canal zone and minister to Panama be confined in the person of the governor.

Premier Combes and his ministers, notwithstanding their successful struggle in the Chamber of Deputies Saturday night, have decided to resign, and their decision is hailed by the opposition as a victory.

Three Hungarian martyrs were beatified at St. Peter's, in Rome, in the presence of 1,000 worshipers, including many Americans. The Pope during the ceremony appeared fatigued.

The fishing steamer Columbia was lost off the coast of British Columbia, but the crew was saved.

The religious orders are urging the Vatican to press for payment of the money awarded by the United States for the purchase of the friars' lands in the Philippines.

While General Trepoff was bidding farewell to Grand Duke Sergius at Moscow a young man fired three shots at the General, all of which missed.

The American Chamber of Commerce in Berlin has instituted a movement for a reciprocity treaty between the United States and Germany.

The French Sabinet situation is regarded with satisfaction at the Vatican.

DYNAMITER CONFESSES

"Rosseau" Admits Two Attempted Outrages.

IS A FANATIC ON ONE SUBJECT.

He Greets the Witnesses Who Came From Washington and New York to Identify Him as the Man Who Tried to Blow Up the Frederick the Great Statue at Washington.

Philadelphia (Special).—Gessler Rosseau, who was arrested in this city on Thursday with an unloaded infernal machine in his possession, admitted to the police that he is the man who attempted to destroy the statue of Frederick the Great in Washington last Tuesday, and also that it was he who sent the trunk containing an infernal machine to the British steamship Umbria, at New York, in May, 1903.

The prisoner, whose right name is not known, made these admissions in the office of Captain Donaghy, of the Philadelphia Detective Bureau, after he had been identified by persons brought here from New York and Washington, for that purpose. He gives no reasons for the attempted outrages, except that "there are too many foreign affairs in this country." After having Rosseau under fire all afternoon, the police classed him as an "American patriotic fanatic." The prisoner gave no information voluntarily to the police, he admitting only those things which the police had fastened on him. Both the Washington and New York authorities want the man, and it is possible that he will be turned over to the police of the latter city.

The apprehension of Rosseau was due to the disappearance of Owen Kelly, a wealthy Irish-American, who is prominent in Irish-American societies in this country. Kelly disappeared on October 25, and from time to time the newspapers, particularly of the East, have published articles on the mysterious disappearance. These, the police believe, undoubtedly attracted Rosseau's attention.

On Thursday he called on Patrick Kelly, the brother of the missing man, and offered to take him to his brother in New York for $500. He said he and Owen belonged to secret societies that were organized for the purpose of blowing up British ships in American ports. The valise he carried, he said, contained explosives. Patrick Kelly notified the police, and Rosseau was taken into custody. The valise contained an infernal machine of the clock-arrangement variety, but no explosives. About the machine was wrapped a Washington newspaper. This gave the police the clue that he might know something of the explosion at the statue of Frederick the Great, and his picture was taken and sent to both the Washington and New York authorities. In the meantime he was also suspected of knowing something of the steamship Umbria incident.

Sunday Capt. Robert Boardman, of the Washington detective force, and Alfred Carter, colored, and George H. Hazel, cabmen of Washington, who saw the man who attempted to blow up the statue, and Detective Sergeant Arthur Carey, of New York, and a Mrs. Curry, who keeps a boarding-house in the latter city, arrived here for the purpose of identifying the prisoner. When Rosseau was brought into the office of Captain Donaghy, Hazel said: "I guess you know me," to which the prisoner replied: "How do you do?"

Rosseau bowed to Carter and then greeted Mrs. Curry. Having satisfied themselves beyond doubt that the identification was complete, the police officials of the three cities set to work in obtaining a confession from the prisoner. As stated before, he said nothing voluntarily to incriminate himself.

In reply to a question, he admitted the attempt on the statue. He said he had manufactured the infernal machine himself, and that it consisted of a candle, fuse and "dynamite engine." Where he made it he would not say. It was his intention, he said, to blow up the statue at night, because he did not want to hurt anybody. Because of the ice in the Potomac River he failed to find anyone who would row him from Seventh Street Wharf, Washington, to the Arsenal, which is on one bank of the river, and he had to change his plans. The failure to destroy the statue, he said, must have been due to the melting tallow spoiling the fuse or interfering with the dynamite.

Rosseau then gave the police the interesting information that he had intended making a second attempt to blow up the statue, this time with a time-clock machine. As it was difficult to get past the sentries after nightfall, he intended going to the arsenal about dusk, arrange the infernal machine so that it would explode about midnight and then hang it on the statue.

This is the substance of his admission concerning the statue, according to Captain Donaghy.

Immigrants Pour In.

New York, (Special).—The official records at Ellis Island show that for the first month of the new year immigration to this country is likely to exceed all records. From January 1 to 10 the arrivals number 14,000. For the whole month of January, 1904, the arrivals were only 19,000. Deportations for the same period are also record-breaking. For the first 10 days of the new year 478 persons have been deported from Ellis Island, against 70 persons have been deported from Ellis Island, against 70 for the same period in 1904.

Judgment for Mrs. Marcum.

Winchester, Ky. (Special).—The jury in the case of Mrs. Abrelia Marcum, who sued Judge Hargis, former State Senator Alexander Hargis, Sheriff Ed Callahan, of Breathitt County, and Attorney Fulton French for $100,000 for alleged conspiracy with Curtis Jett and Thomas White to slay her husband, James B. Marcum, returned a verdict for $8,000 against James Hargis and Sheriff Callahan and found for the defendants in the case of French and Alexander Hargis.

NO NEW TRIAL FOR M'CUE

Supreme Court Refuses to Grant a Writ of Error.

HE WEPT WHEN THE NEWS CAME.

Prisoner Removed to Steel Cage at Charlottesville and Preparations Begun for His Execution, January 20—Virginia Supreme Court Unanimous in Its Opinion--Says He Will Not Attempt Suicide--The Governor His Last Hope

September 4.—Mrs. Fannie M. McCue murdered.

September 7.—Ex-Mayor J. Samuel McCue arrested, charged with the murder of his wife.

September 8.—Verdict of coroner's jury made public, charging McCue with the crime.

September 22.—McCue arrainged in court at Charlottesville.

October 18—Trial of McCue begun before Judge Morris.

November 5.—Jury, after 20 minutes' deliberation, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

November 9.—McCue sentenced to be hanged in Charlottesville January 20, 1905.

January 12.—Supreme Court of Appeals refused writ of error in McCue case

Richmond, Va., (Special).—James Samuel McCue, former Mayor of Charlottsville, will be hanged January 20 for the murder of his wife, Fannie Crawford McCue, unless the Governor intervenes. The State Supreme Court of Appeals unanimously declined to grant a writ of error.

McCue's only hope now is that Governor Montague will interfere, but there seems little reason to believe that he will interpose, although it is possible that the Governor will reprieve the prisoner for a short time to give McCue an opportunity to prepare to meet his fate.

The decision of the court was announced by its president, Judge James Keith, who said from the bench when court opened.

"In the case of McCue vs. the Commonwealth, the judgement of the Corporation Court of Charlottsville being plainly right, a writ of error is denied."

The decision came as a surprise to the legal fraternity, the prisoner's petition having been skillfully prepared by his attorneys, J. L. Lee and Tinsley Coleman, of Lynchburg. There were 45 assignments of error, one being on a point hitherto not raised—the right of jurors to read the daily papers during the progress of a case.

It will be remembered that Judge George W. Morris, who presided at McCue's trial, allowed the jury to read the papers, but cautioned them to avoid the portions relating to the trial. The defense claimed that the juryman could not help seeing the headlines over the McCue matter, and that they were influenced thereby.

The failure of the court to grant a writ of error on that ground is taken to mean that hereafter juries in murder cases can read the papers.

It is expected that counsel for McCue will begin at once to lay seige to the Governor to induce him either to grant a reprieve or to commute McCue's sentence to life imprisonment.

Counsel for McCue gave 45 reasons why he should be granted a new trial by the Supreme Court, as follows:

That Henry L. Lyman, a member of the grand jury that indicted McCue, was ineligible to serve, being a non-resident; that the court submitted to a jury the question of Lyman's eligibility. The third and fourth items refer to different phases of the same objection.

That J. Y. Stockdell should not have been accepted as a juror, there being doubts of his impartiality.

That Judson B. Wood was accepted after having expressed an opinion.

That Frank K. Tyler was excluded for declaring he would not convict on circumstantial evidence.

From the eighth to the fifteenth item the exceptions relate to testimony of witnesses alleged to have been improperly admitted.

Exceptions from the sixteenth to the thirty-third item relate to the impeachment of the young son of the prisoner, William McCue. They claim that the Commonwealth having introduced this witness, had no right to put on other witnesses to impeach him when he did not testify as they expected.

Exception 34 relates to the admission of evidence as to the prisoner's manner to his wife on a specific occasion.

Exceptions from 34 up to 40 relate to the admission of testimony. No. 40 is in regard to the jurors being allowed to read the daily papers. The next two exceptions relate to refusal to grant certain instructions and the amending of others.

No. 44 is that one of counsel for the prosecution improperly stated before the jury that he had refused a large fee in order to prosecute McCue.

The last exception was to the court's refusig to set aside the verdict.

A Physician's Suicide.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special).—Dr. Albert G. Carr, one of the most prominent physicians in the state, committed suicide at Durham by shooting himself through the head. Dr. Carr had been in failing health for several months, and during the last few days had been suffering from insomnia. He was active in his practice, however. He was 54 years old and was a brother of Gen. Julian S. Carr, one of the wealthiest men in North Carolina, and was himself very wealthy.

Railroad Official Killed.

Mobile, Ala., (Special).—A northbound passenger train which left Mobile over the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City railroad ran into a washout four miles south of Beaumont, Miss., and the engine, baggage and passenger coaches were overturned. General Passenger and Freight Agent L. B. Sullivan, who was making an inspection tour on the engine was instantly killed. Engineer W. A. Crawford, his colored fireman and a colored porter were injured.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Mr. Bristow Quits.

Joseph L. Bristow, fourth assistant postmaster general, tendered to the President his resignation as an officer of the Postal Service, to take effect on the 20th inst. By an executive order President Roosevelt designated Mr. Bristow as a special commissioner to make an investigation into the present trade conditions and freight rates between the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts and between the West Coast of South America and the East Coast of the United States and Europe, to determine the best policy of managing the Panama Railroad.

Mr. Bristow's resignation from the Postal Service was not a surprise, and came as a result of transfer of postoffice inspectors from him to the Postmaster General.

The announcement came at the conclusion of an extended conference between the President, Secretary Taft, Mr. Bristow and Senator Long, of Kansas. The text of the order issued by the President follows:

"It is ordered that Joseph L. Bristow, of Kansas, be appointed a special commissioner for the purpose of visiting the ports of the Pacific Coast, the Isthmus of Panama, New York and such other ports as may be necessary to make an investigation into the present trade conditions and freight rates between the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts, across the Isthmus of Panama, and between the West Coast of South America, and the East Coast of the United States and Europe, for the purpose of determining the best policy to be pursued in the management of the Panama Railroad Company.

The Reciprocity Treaties.

Consideration was given by President Roosevelt and Senator Cullom, of Illinois, chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, to the arbitration treaties now pending before the Senate. The President indicated to Senator Cullom his earnest desire that the treaties should be ratified without material amendment. He reiterated to the Senator his purpose to withdraw the conventions from the Senate rather than permit their emasculation. He pointed out that the treaties were substantially identical, and that the representatives of the powers with whom they had been negotiated had agreed to their terms, notwithstanding the fact that in some instances changes, which subsequently had been withdrawn, were suggested. At the conclusion of the conference Senator Cullom said he hoped to be able to obtain favorable action on the treaties by the Senate, and was inclined to the opinion that they would be ratified without serious objection or amendment.

New Coast Defense System.

The President issued a most important order appointing a board, consisting of Secretary of War Taft, Lieut.-Gen. A. R. Chaffee, Maj.-Gen. George L. Gillespie, Assistan Chief of Staff; Brig.-Gen. A. W. Greely, Chief Signal Officer; Bri.-Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordiance; Bri.-Gen. J. P. Story, Chief of Artillery; Bri.-Gen. Alexander Mackenzie, Chief of Engineers, and Major George W. Goethals, General Staff, to revise the report of the famous "Endicott Board" of 1885, which formulated a system of coast defense for the United States.

The new board is to make recommendations to complete the policy of the Endicott Board for the protection of the coasts and harbors of the United States. In view of the many important changes in ordnance and mines during the last 19 years it has been found necessary to have this new board, which will bring the work of the Endicott Board up to date.

Inauguration Plans.

The inaugural committee decided that there shall be no Sunday concert at the Pension Office Building following the inaugural ceremony, and that three concerts will be given Monday, March 6. It was stated that the number of troops and civic organizations combined in the inaugural parade would approximate not more than two-thirds of the number four years ago; that all the organizations would follow close-column formation, permitting the parade to pass within three hours instead of six hours, as was the case four years ago. The project of erecting an amphitheater reviewing stand on the white lot, south of the White House, probably will be abandoned and the usual line of march followed.

Postal Inspectors Transferred.

Postmaster-General Wynne has issued an order transferring the entire corps of postoffice inspectors from jurisdiction of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General and placing them immediately under the Postmaster-General. The action is taken on the ground of subserving the best interest of the Government. It is also based on the fact that the inspectors of the other executive departments of the Government are directly under the head of the department. The order affects over 200 men scattered.

Notes of the Departments.

The motion of Representative Maynard, of Virginia, that the House Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions recommend an appropriation of $2,500,000 for government participation in the land portion of the exposition to be held in commemoration of the settlement of Jamestown, Va., was discussed by the committee.

Mr. Samuel Spencer, president of the Southern Railway, continued his statement on the bill regulating railroad rates before the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow has resigned. He was appointed a member of a special commission by the President to facilitate trade across the Isthmus of Panama by rail.

The gross postal receipts for the 50 largest postoffices in the country for December, 1904, as compared with December, 1903, show net increace of about 9 per cent.

If the business of the War Department will justify it, Secretary Taft will make an official visit of inspection to the Philippine Islands during the coming summer.

GENERAL NOGI'S LOOT LIST

Fifty Forts and Four Battleships Captured at Port Arthur.

TOTAL OF SIXTY-FIVE VESSELS TAKEN.

General Nogi's Headquarters' Staff at Port Arthur Are at Present Devoting Their Energies to Dispatching the Prisoners to Japan, Placing the Wounded in Hospitals and Clearing the Way for a Thorough Investigation.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—The Japanese Legation has received a cablegram from Tokio, saying that General Nogi reports that the delivery at Port Arthur has been completed. It includes the following:

Permanent forts, 50; guns, 546, of which 54 are of large caliber, 149 of medium caliber and 343 of small caliber; cannon balls, 82,670; ammunition, 30,000 kilos; rifles, 35,252; horses, 1,920; battleships, 4, except Sevastopol, which is entirely sunk; cruisers, 2; gunboats and destroyers, 14; steamers, 10 besides small steamers, 35 of which will be serviceable after little repairs.

Jops Had to Fight 53,000.

The Japanese achievement at Port Arthur is more remarkable in the light of further investigations. The original Russian strength is now estimated to have been almost 50,000 men. It is announced at the army headquarters that in addition to the prisoners already reported, about 13,000 wounded combatants eventually will be brought to Japan. General Nogi's headquarters staff at Port Arthur are at present devoting their energies to dispatching the prisoners to Japan, placing the wounded in hospitals and clearing the way for a thorough investigation of the spoils of war. Confused reports reach Tokio of the condition of the city buildings.

It is said that General Nogi will not return to Tokio at present.

Russian Captives in Japan.

Nagasaki, (By Cable).—The steamers Kaga and Sunuki have arrived here with 1,600 Russian prisoners of war and 50 officers.

All the prisoners have been quartered at Inasa, a village nearby, where has also been prepared a lodge for General Stoessel.

The Russians officers are allowed much liberty within the bounds of the town, but they are under police escort.

General Stoessel and staff will sail for Europe on a French mail steamer this week.

The Russian prisoners are unfeignedly pleased at the end of the hardships of the siege and the considerate treatment of their victors.

Macarthur to See the War.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—Japan has given the United States Army, through the State Department, permission to send Maj.-Gen. Arthur MacArthur, now in command of the Pacific division, with the Japanese armies in Manchuria as an observer. General MacArthur will be accompanied by one aide.

The greatest secrecy has been maintained by the War Department relative to the request by this Government to be allowed to send an officer of the high rank held by General MacArthur with the Japanese armies. General MacArthur did not himself request the detail, but, because of his great experience and well-recognized ability as a strategist, the General Staff decided to send him with Marshal Oyama.

General MacArthur will leave San Francisco immediately for Japan and will then proceed to Manchuria. He will be the highest ranking foreign officer with the forces of Japan.

Doubassoff Doesn't Deny It.

Paris, (By Cable).—Admiral Doubassoff was requested to indicate whether his recent interview in the Echo de Paris, which attracted so much attention owing to the fact that the Admiral was looked upon as having indicated that peace between Russia and Japan was probable in the near future, was correct. He refused to frunish any indication concerning the correctness of the interview and said:

"I do not wish to provoke a press controversy. Consequently I neither deny nor affirm the words attributed to me. All I can say is that in order to deny the Echo de Paris interview a newspaper should have serious reasons."

$20,000 PAID FOR A PINK.

F. F. Pierson Buys The Exclusive Right to "The Sport."

Boston, (Special).—For a pink which has won prizes at several horticultural shows in different parts of the country F. R. Pierson, a millionaire resident of Tarrytown-on-the-Hudson, has paid W. B. Arnold, a Rockland florist, $20,000.

Mr. Pierson will cultivate the pink extensively on his estate on the Hudson. The flower is an offspring of the famous pink for which Thomas W. Lawson paid $25,000 a few years ago. It is the result of a three years' experiment by Mr. Arnold and was cultivated in a bed of Lawson pinks in the Arnold greenhouses. The Lawson flower is brilliant pink in color. "The Sport," as Mr. Arnold has named this one, is of pure white, with carmine tracings through the petals. It has a large stem and is more robust than the famous Lawson flower. Mr. Arnold considers his pink a freak.

"When I saw it first among the Lawsons, he said, "I recognized it as something extraordinary in the horticultural world, and I watched it day and night until it became the flower it is today."

To Mark Railroad Employes.

New Haven, (Special).—Announcement was made by the management of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad that a new system of merits and demerits as applied to attaches in the operating department will be adopted early in the present year. More than 8,000 employes will be affected. By this system a certain number of demerits publicly posted will suffice to cause an offending man's dismissal.

For the Blues.

It doesn't pay to frown when you're blue;
You'd better exercise a bit and fill your lungs with air;
Don't sit down and mope or grumble; if you do
Men may pity, but they'll leave you sitting there.

When the world has been unkind, when life's troubles cloud your mind,
Don't sit down and frown, and sigh, and moan and mope!
Take a walk along the square, fill your lungs with fresh air—
Then go whistling back to work, and smile again and hope.
—Cleveland Leader.

Agnes, the Indian Girl

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"An Indian girl, a real Indian girl!" exclaimed Helena Dickson, with a little scream. "Dear me! I never expected to see anything like this even in the Far West."

It was a spacious, roomy kitchen, furnished with an odd intermingling of luxury, privation and makeshift. At one end a large fire of walnut and pine logs roared up the great, cavernous chimney; at the other, two or three girls sat round a table; while Ralph Davenant, the farmer, lay fast asleep on the chintz-cushioned lounge, lulled by the continuous rushing sound of the great western river that bounded one extremity of his domains.

Guy Davenant sat near the girls—a tall, splendidly molded young Apollo of the forest, with shady, hazel eyes, and hair curling in black, silky rings all over his head. He looked up quickly as Miss Dickson spoke.

"Agnes Oscawanda?" he exclaimed. "You say she's in the outer kitchen? Why don't the women tell her to come in?"

"Guy!" reproved his sister. "An Indian interpreter's daughter!"

"Helena ought to see her," urged Guy. "She's as beautiful as a statue."

"But she is old Oscawanda's daughter, and she lives down by the falls."

"What then? She is as intelligent and cultivated as nine out of ten of the girls around here. Call her in, I say, or I'll go out there myself."

Julia Davenant rose with a curl to her lip, and opening the kitchen door, beckoned haughtily to a tall, slight figure standing by the fire beyond.

"Come in, Agnes," cheerily called out Guy, as if determined to atone for his sister's evident lack of courtesy, and Agnes Oscawanda entered, moving with the slow, willowy grace of a bending reed.

She was dark, but not darker than many a brunette of unblemished Saxon lineage, with velvety soft eyes, raven black hair, looped in heavy braids at the back of her head, and a delicate, oval face, with features straight and pure as the outlines of a Greek model. Her dress was of some dark worsted stuff, with a scarlet shawl folded across her shoulders, and a silken scarf was twisted about her hair. She hung her head with evident embarrassment at Helena Dickson's bold stare.

"I only came to bring Mr. Davenant the baskets he ordered of my father," she said, in a low voice.

"But sit down and rest a few minutes," said Guy. "You have walked a long distance."

Agnes Oscawanda hesitated. Had Guy Devanant's sisters confirmed the request, she would have gladly rested a little. But Julia and Clara sewed on, without looking up, and Helena's supercilious glance called the red blood to her dark cheek.

"No," she said, quietly. "I must go."

"Then I will walk a part of the way with you," said Guy, jumping up for his hat.

"I don't think Agnes has accustomed herself to an escort through the woods," said Julia, rudely.

"Indeed, I am not afraid," said the interpreter's daughter.

"Afraid! It isn't a question of fear," said Guy. "It's a lovely starlight night, and I would like the walk."

The three girls eyed each other as the door closed behind the Indian girl and her companion.

"Very polite to rush off and leave Helena in that sort of way," said Clara, "the first night of her visit here."

"Oh, I don't care," said Helena, giggling. "A mere matter of taste, I'm sure."

"It's just like Guy," said Julia. "Agnes Oscawanda is well enough, I dare say, but she is only an Indian girl, and it is foolish to get her into the notion of expecting the same attentions that we receive."

Meanwhile Mr. Guy was walking along the dreary forest paths with the beautiful young daughter of the Indian interpreter.

"Not that I care for Agnes, though she is pretty enough to turn any man's head," thought the wilful young man, "but I'll teach those girls to treat her a little more civilly. What right have they to bully and insult her? I won't have it."

And so, although Miss Dickson had been invited to make a visit to the Western wildernesses, specially to carry out a darling design of Clara and Julia Davenant, that "a match" should be struck up—or, perhaps, "ignited" would be the proper term—between her and their brother Guy, the young gentleman persisted in treating her with nothing more than the regulation civilty.

"It's too mean!" said Clara, pouting.

"When Helena has such a nice little property of her own, too," added Julia.

And Helena, herself, who was getting into the sere and yellow leaf of maidenhood, curled her hair, and anointed her cheeks with "rose-bloom" more vigorously than ever, for Guy Davenant was a husband well worth the angling for.

* * * * * * *

"But you'll ask Agnes Oscawanda to your picnic party, girls?"

"Indeed, we shall not!" Julia Davenant answered, with a toss of her haughty head. "An Indian girl! What would people say?"

"Then I shant come to it!" said Guy, independently.

Julia burst into tears.

"Guy, you are too hateful for anything! And Helena thinks so much of the picnic."

"Not enough, it seems, to treat a harmless, pretty girl with ordinary decency," said Guy, angrily. "She passed Agnes yesterday in the road without even speaking to her."

"Do you expect us to receive her on an equality with ourselves?"

"I do not know why you should not," was the brusque reply.

"I believe Agnes Oscawanda has bewitched you with some of her father's outlandish Indian charms," flashed out Julia.

"Perhaps she has," said Guy, laughing. "Her father's or her own."

"Guy, it is no jesting matter."

"Did I say it was, Miss Spitfire? Do leave me in peace a little while now."

"But Helena wants you to go with her to gather flowers and autumn leaves."

"I shall do nothing of the sort," said Guy; and he adhered resolutely to his resolution.

The day of the much-anticipated picnic came; but Guy, instead of escorting Miss Dickson down to the slope of velvet grass, shaded by superb forest trees, which had been selected as the site of the merry making, took his gun and started off into the woods.

"I won't be deafened by the cackle of these girls," quoth he to himself.

* * * * * * *

"Dead! Oh, father, he is not dead?"

Old Oscawanda, the swart-browed Indian interpreter, listened with his ear against the stalwart chest of the fallen hunter, who lay among the yellow autumn leaves, where Agnes had found him, bathed in his own blood. There had been some imperfection in the lock of the new rifle—what or where no one ever knew, but it was blown to pieces, and Guy Davenant lay like a dead man beside it.

They carried him to the little cabin beside the rushing falls of the Metarcasa, and laid him on the rude couch of the old Indian, and then he struggled his way back again to life.

"Who bound up these wounds?" he asked, with a slight shudder, as he glanced downward at bandages and wrappings, and began to comprehend the full extent of the peril from which he had so miraculously escaped.

"I did," Agnes Oscawanda answered.

"You!" His eyes rested admiringly on her calm, beautiful face. "There isn't one woman in a thousand who would have had such pluck as that. I should like to have Helena Dickson see blood without fainting away, and as for Clara and Julia—pooh!"

"Just their maneuvering!" said Julia, when she had sobbed and shrieked away her first terror at the frightful news of the accident that had happened to her brother. "Of course Agnes and her scheming old father expect to make a profitable speculation out of it. Why couldn't they just as well have brought you home?"

"They might have done so," said Guy, calmly, "but a corpse would have been all that was borne across the threshold. Oscawanda and his daughter have saved my life, and I shall never cease to be grateful to them for what they have done."

"But," lisped Helena, "mayn't we come down and nurse you, dear Mr. Guy? I am sure it would be a pleasure, and these good people, although well meaning, I dare say, cannot understand the refinements an invalid so much needs."

"Your kindness is quite unnecessary," said Guy, coldly. "I have every care and attention here."

"The bold, sly thing!" said Clara, biting her lip as the three girls walked homeward again. "I saw her eyes flash triumph when he spoke."

Helena Dickson, however, resolved not to give up the battle at this early stage of affairs. She determined to prolong her visit into the winter months.

"Perhaps Guy will go home with me, when he recovers sufficiently," she thought; "and in that case I can easily bring him to the mark."

For Helena had unbounded confidence in her own charms and powers of persuasion.

It was a bright, frosty afternoon in late November when Guy Davenant walked up to the door of the farmhouse, leaning on the Indian girl's arm. Julia rose to welcome him home.

"I will help him into the house now," coldly staring the beautiful young girl in the face. "You need not trouble yourself any further, Agnes Oscawanda."

"Stop," said Guy, sternly, as his sister would have motioned his supporter away. "She has the best and only right to be at my side now."

"Guy! What do you mean?" gasped Julia, scarcely understanding what significance his words were intended to convey.

"I married her this morning," he said, with quiet, exultant pride. "As my wife, she is your equal—in all else, infinitely your superior. Agnes, my pearl of the forest, welcome, a thousand times, to your new home."

And, with a sinking heart, Helena Dickson saw Agnes Oscawanda, the Indian interpreter's daughter, elevated to the position she had so vainly tried to occupy.

Truly, "Woman proposes, but Cupid disposes." The Miss Davenants had outwitted themselves, after all.—New York Weekly.

THE "WEATHER CLERK" IN LAPLAND.

Automatic Registration of Meteorological Phenomena, Under Difficulties.

If the weather observer in Lapland were to imitate the tenants of the stations on Mt. Washington or Pike's Peak and spend the winter on the mountain top to observe the changes in person, there would probably be no observer left to tell the tale when spring came. To secure the observations without sacrificing the observer, Professor Axel Hamberg, of the University of Stockholm, has constructed automatic registering apparatus for the Lapland Alps, one station being on Sahko mountain at an altitude of 3,500 feet, and the other on the Portitjokko at an altitude of 6,560 feet. Each apparatus is expected to run without interruption or adjustment for one year. Emil Guarini describes the method of operation and the attendance difficulties in the Scientific American:

The registration is obtained by means of a bar, which, three times an hour, fall across needles and produces in the paper perforations corresponding to each of them. The great difficulty to be surmounted is the hoar frost. The Portitjokko station, for example, was, after a few months, completely surrounded by a stratum of frost of at least three feet in thickness, and the apparatus very naturally ceased to operate. The instruments were then taken down to 500 feet from the summit, but, even at this altitude, the formation of frost interferred with their operation, especially in autumn. It is then almost impossible to prevent interruptions in the registration of the velocity and direction of the wind. In order to obviate this inconvenience, M. Hamberg has the summit apparatus cleaned from time to time by a Laplander, and after this the running proceeds uninterruptedly till the succeeding autumn.

The instruments must not only be kept free from frost, but also from moisture as far as possible:

In order to dry the air to as great a degree as possible, it became necessary to place paper cylinders around the clockwork movement, and, around the registering apparatus, an iron plate casting containing cups filled with chloride of calcium. It was owing only to such precautions that the running of the apparatus became uniform during the entire winter. The apparatus installed at 3,500 feet altitude has operated almost continuously for two summers, and the second, placed at 6,000, has operated equally as well. The winding up of the clock work and the changing of the paper bands of the registering apparatus are needed but once a year. The registration during the year requires the use of 65 feet of paper. The weight that actuates the clockwork movement descends but 60 inches a year. This movement was constructed by M. G. W. Linderoth, a Swedish horologist.

A complete station comprises two huts, one containing the paper cylinders, the clockwork, and the registering apparatus, and the other the rain and snow registering apparatus. This latter is suspended from spiral springs in a large cask. When there is a fall of rain or snow, the cask descends accordin to the greater or less quantity of material that it receives, and thus registers.

Where Providence Guarded.

"I've come to the conclusion that Providence looks after the absent minded as well as the inebriated and juvenile," said a young business man who sometimes looks for his hat when it's on his head.

"Yesterday afternoon I broke a button off my coat in the office, and sent it out with my boy to a little tailor's around the corner. A few minutes later my best girl happened in. I did not mind meeting her in my shirt sleeves, and she, reminding me I must hurry up to keep a luncheon engagement with her before she took a train out of town, apparently didn't notice my dishabille.

"I hustled into my overcoat, put on my hat and we started off for the Bellevue-Stratford. Just before we reached the merry-go-round door I discovered that I was shy a coat. I figured out also that folks don't dine in shirt sleeves in the B.-S. So, as there wasn't time to go back for the coat, and as it was a little lark for us anyhow, we lunched in a hurry up place in Chestnut street and kept our coats on. The meal cost 85 cents, which I paid from a bunch of small change in my overcoat pocket.

"Here's where the fool luck comes in. When I got back to my place, and chancing to go to my wallet, which was in my trousers pocket, it was flat and empty. I had paid a bill of $19 and cleaned myself out, then forgot all about it.

"Suppose I hadn't broken the button, had worn the coat, and had gone to the Bellevue-Stratford? What."—Philadelphia Press.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

A man has been arrested in Philadelphia for stealing popular songs. He should have been given a medal for stealing them instead of singing them

A young Long Island farm hand has married the millionaire widow for whom he worked. Yet some people say there is no money in farming.

A woman out in Indiana died recently, and she stipulated in her will that no man was to be present at her funeral. She was an old maid, too.

The young man out in Minnesota who ran away with his mother-in-law twice his age, must have made a mistake in the dark.

The Indiana man who claims that he never had a dream ,never experienced the exquisite pleasure of counting an imaginary treasure and spending it all on imaginary pleasures.

The "Dark Night" Society has just been organized by the ladies of Geneva, Ind. The club is not a stay-out late organization, but has been started for the purpose of promoting municipal lighting.

A Chicago man has been fined $100 for attempting to steal a kiss. It would appear that in addition to being the sweetest, forbidden fruit is also rather expensive in Chicago.

A correspondent suggests the revival of toll gates for automobiles, states the Boston Transcript. That would indeed, be bringing the obsolete and the up to date face to face.

It is not at all improbable that before some of us die—although we might perhaps wish to die first—we may see a lady entering for the amateur golf championship and perhaps winning it against all the men. An analogous calamity occurred in croquet, concludes Country Life.

Down in Connecticut there is a man who is using the motor of his automobile this winter to operate a churn and run a fodder cutter. There's no use trying to keep down Yankee ingenuity, declares the Chicago Record-Herald.

The man with the latest funny story and who knows how to tell it effectively is well met for a time, but he soon becomes a good deal of a bore, says the Boston Herald. We believe this is one of the numerous causes that have contributed to the prospective defeat of Chauncey Depew for reelection. It doesn't pay to be a clown except in the circus.

The Brutalitarian is the name of a new Magazine just started in London, heralding itself "A Journal for the Sane and Strong." It takes the stand that the refinements of our day have made us too effeminate and sensitive and that the world needs to return in a measure to the stronger, if cruder, ways of less cultured times.

An Indianapolis coal dealer has been arrested for selling 1,560 pounds of coal for a ton. Naturally the court is loath to fine a man for an offense that is so generally committed that it is expected, and he has continued the case. But how did the coal dealer come to give the customer the odd sixty pounds? asks the Hartford City News.

Bribery would be less common if would-be bribers were all treated like one in St. Paul who offered a roll of bills to Michael Doran, a referee in bankruptcy, if he would make a decision in his favor, says the Pathfinder. Doran knocked the man down and then kicked him out of his office.

Out in Nebraska the other day the sheriff jumped into his automobile and took after a bank robber who was riding a good horse, the Newark News states. What is more, he caught his man. You may see "the passing of the horse" in this interesting episode; or, if you please, view it as a striking illustration of the opulence and style of Nebraska sheriffs.

"Touching" to ward off evil is one of the most curious habits of the human race, states the Chicago News. Many people will "touch wood" when talking of past immunity from trouble. But even more obscure is the individual habit—a nervous and morbid one, no doubt—of performing apparently unnecessary devotions to inanimate objects. Sir Walter Scott as a boy cut the button from the coat of his rival in class—the button that was always fingered before the right answer was delivered. Dr. Johnson would turn back in Fleet street if he had missed touching one of the posts.

Pigeon Kidnappers.

New York city has a multitude of "flights" of pigeons. There are few blocks that have not at least one roof devoted to this purpose. The section of territory bounded by Eighteenth and Thirtieth streets and Eighth and Ninth avenues, has over twenty "flights." Their owners may be seen, twice a day, at six in the morning and again at five in the afternoon, stirring the birds to flight. A ten foot fishing pole, with a black cloth at one end, is often used for starting the birds. Many of the "flights" are used to catch stray pigeons. The "stray" as it is called, joins the flock in their upward flight and is trapped on the descent. One the East Side, it is considered legitimate to trap a "stray" from a rival fancier's flock.—Country Life in America.

ELEPHANTS ARE DYING OUT.

Only Two Thousand in Ceylon, It Is Estimated.

In the new Ceylon Handbook and Directory an interesting record is that of the export of elephants from the island during the past forty-one years. In 1903 there were only eight of these pachyderms sent out of the country, one to British India and seven to Germany.

The price paid for these animals was 7,500 rupees, giving a modest average of 825 rupees each. A royalty of rupees 200 per head was imposed in 1873, and the number of elephants exported, which had fallen low before then, dwindled in the next few years to three and even to one. In 1882 the royalty was reduced to Rs. 100, in the hope that business might revive and encouragement be given to supplying the new demand for Ceylon elephants in the Continental menageries. The Rajahs' courts in India had previously formed the chief market for them. The total number sold in the time treated of was 2,225, or an average of 56 per annum.

Mr. Alfred Clark, an expert, estimates that there are now only 2,000 elephants in Ceylon. The royalty in 1891 was again raised to Rs. 200.

Whether the effect of this will be to permit the animals to increase in undue proportion to their available haunts or that sportsmen shooting elephants will counterbalance the decrease in the export remains to be seen.—Lahore Tribune.

WAYS OF THE "BORN FIXER."

Never Any Use to Interfere, Says Woman Who Knows.

"One of the easiest ways to get over a difficulty is to walk around it," said the woman who had just returned to her home after a summer outing. "Our clock, which has done good work for four years, naturally stopped while we were away. When I wound it the pendulum refused to swing. William told me to let it alone until he had time to fix it.

"One evening after dinner William took down the clock. He told the servant to bring him the kerosene oil can. He poured half the contents of the can down the back of the clock. Incidentally he ruined the tablecloth and his trousers. But I didn't mind that. It never pays to interfere with a born fixer when he's fixing something.

"After William had tinkered with the timepiece for an hour he decided to wait until the next night. When he had gone down town next morning I took it to a clockmaker.

"'Jimminy!' he exclaimed, "who's been monkeying with this? To remedy the original trouble would have cost forty cents. Now you'll want a new face, since this one is soaked with oil. You're in for $4.50 all right.'

"I had the clock in its usual place when William came home to dinner. But he never seemed to notice it. Said he was going to a neighbor's that evening to help him fix his automobile."

DOG LEFT THE CHURCH.

Humiliated by Accident, Collie Abandoned All Religion.

At the disruption in 1843 the bulk of the shepherds joined the Free Kirk. But one collie held by the Established principle, and refused to "come out." Every Sabbath he went alone to the Established church, where he had been wont to accompany his master. His master refused to coerce him. "Na, na," he said, "he's a wise dowg: I'll no meddle wi' his convictions." The collie's adherence to the Establishment had, however, a disastrous end. He was accustomed to lie during the sermon on the pulpit stairs, no doubt better to hear the discourse. Below him were placed the long stove pipe hats of the elders. On one unfortunate day he fell asleep, rolled off his step and managed to get his head firmly fixed inside one of the hats. Bitterly mortified, the dog fled from the kirk, and ever afterward, as his master said, "had nae trokings wi' releegion."—The Spectator.

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PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.38 a. m. New York 2.05 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.21 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m., New York, 9.20 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m. Baltimore 2.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m. Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.32 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.56 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD. P.M.	WESTWARD. A.M.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. A.M.	EASTWARD. P.M.
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 35
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 25
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 19
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 00
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 39
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 26
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 23
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.28 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.46 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.22 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down. No. 1	Read Down. No. 3	Read Down. No. 5	June 19, 1904.	Read Up. No. 6	Read Up. No. 4	Read Up. No. 2
A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lv.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
7 00	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE	9 35	5 10	9 35
7 11	2 41	6 51	Nigh	9 22	4 57	9 22
7 16	2 46	6 56	Zion	9 16	4 51	9 16
7 23	2 53	7 03	Hecla Park	9 10	4 45	9 10
7 25	2 55	7 05	Dunkles	9 08	4 42	9 07
7 29	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG	9 04	4 38	9 03
7 33	3 03	7 14	Snydertown	9 01	4 34	8 59
7 35	3 05	7 16	Nittany	8 59	4 31	8 56
7 37	3 07	7 19	Huston	8 57	4 28	8 53
7 41	3 11	7 23	LAMAR	8 51	4 23	8 50
7 43	3 13	7 25	Clintondale	8 51	4 22	8 47
7 47	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring	8 47	4 18	8 43
7 51	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville	8 43	4 13	8 39
7 57	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs	8 37	4 07	8 32
8 00	3 30	7 42	Salona	8 35	4 05	8 30
8 05	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL	8 30	4 00	8 25

(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)

11 45	8 38		Jersey Shore	3 16	7 40
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Williamsport	2 40	7 10
12 29	11 30	Lve.	Williamsport	Arr. 2 25	6 50

(Philad. & Reading Ry.)

7 30	6 50		PHILA	8 36	11 30
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	4 25	7 30

(Via Philad.)

P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
10 40		Ar New York	Lv. 4 00	

(Via Tamaqua)

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

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THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning and evening.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Georges Valley, afternoon; Union, evening. Note the change of Union from afternoon to evening.

Boalsburg Reformed—Boalsburg, morning, communion; Houserville, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE of Penns Cave and farm of two hundred acres, February 10th, Friday, 10 a. m. See adv. elsewhere.

L. A. KREITZER, AGENT, MARCH 2, Thursday, 12 o'clock, on the J. R. Bible farm, near Sprucetown: 2 horses, 4 cows, 1 heifer, two-horse wagon, sled, spring wagon, top buggy, cutter, Johnson mower, hay rake, harness, household goods, etc.; ⅔ interest in 12 acres of grain, hay by the ton.

B. GARDNER GROVE, MARCH 9, Thursday, 9 o'clock, three miles east of Centre Hall, on Brush Valley road: 2 work horses, team of mules, 2 colts, eight milch cows, one bull, 16 young cattle, 33 sheep, 25 hogs, full line of farm implements.

WM. SCHOLL, MARCH 15, Wednesday, Centre Hall.

J. A. McCLINTIC, MARCH 16, Thursday, Farmers Mills, farm stock and implements.

J. FRANK BIBLE, MARCH 21, Tuesday, 12 o'clock, on the Kerr farm one mile north-east of Centre Hill.

CLYDE P. WIELAND, MARCH 22, Wednesday, 10 o'clock, at Linden Hall: 6 horses, 11 milch cows, 17 young cattle, 15 sheep, 40 hogs, full line of implements.

J. K. BITNER, MARCH 24, Friday, one mile east of Penn Hall: Horses, cattle, farm implements, etc.

Q. L. RISHEL, MARCH 27, Monday, 12 o'clock, 1½ miles west of Boalsburg: 4 horses, 4 cows, 5 young cattle, one hog, full line of implements.

P. A. AUMAN, MARCH 28, Tuesday, one mile east of Old Fort. Farm stock and implements.

The February "Smart Set."

Readers of the Smart Set have learned to look upon the complete novel that appears in each issue of that magazine as the biggest event of the month in fiction; but even the most enthusiastic reader will be happily surprised by the story in the February number.

$50,000 For State College.

At the opening of the winter session of the college President Atherton announced that Mr. Andrew Carnegie had given the fund of $25,000 to the college the interest of which was to be used for the helping of students through college who had not sufficient means. He also announced that Mrs. Carnegie had given a like amount and the interest of this fund was to be used for the founding of scholarships in a way to be determined on later.

School Report.

The following is a report of the Intermediate grade of the Centre Hall school for the fourth month, ending January 13th, Rebecca J. Moyer, teacher:

Per cent. of attendance, male 93, female 90, average 91; average attendance, male 19, female 13, total 32; number of scholars enrolled, male 22, female 15, total 37. Names of those attending every day of the month:

Laura Mitterling, Nina Snyder, Ruth Smith, Verna Rowe, Alice Rearick, Margaret Mitterling, Nellie Smith, Ralph Dinges, Calvin Smith, William Kerlin, Harry Mader, Jewett Brooks, George Slack, John Whiteman, Roy Puff, Ira Foreman.

Nine Miles of Road Built.

Commissioner Hunter makes great ado over the fact that nine whole miles of road have been built under the supervision of the road department of which he is the head, and that twenty-six miles of road are now under contract.

The commissioner suggests that all the highways should be surveyed, and since the $6,500,000 are not being gobbled fast enough, the commissioner's suggestion may perhaps speed the matter.

Another suggestion is that the law be changed so that townships have three supervisors instead of two, and their term of office lengthened, so that two supervisors are held over each year.

A good suggestion is the abolishing of narrow-tired wagons.

Commissioner Hunter predicts the speedy extinction of the custom of "working" out road tax.

Ishler–Ramsey Wedding.

A beautiful wedding took place Thursday noon of last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ramsey, of Pleasant Gap, when their only daughter, Miss Mary R., became the wife of Harry E. Ishler, of near State College.

At precisely 12 o'clock the bride and groom were ushered into the parlor by Jacob Stamm, of Altoona, and Miss Emma Ishler, sister of the groom, while the wedding march was being played by Miss Mabel Ishler, another sister.

The ceremony was performed by their pastor, Rev. J. I. Stonecypher, of Boalsburg, assisted by Rev. W. H. Schuyler, of Centre Hall.

A large number of guests were present and the happy couple were made the recipients of many useful gifts.

Immediately after the service the company was invited to the dining room where a large table was bountifully spread to satisfy the wants of the inner man. A season was spent socially and the guests departed wishing Mr. and Mrs. Ishler a long life of happiness and success.

1904.

A Few Statistics Concerning Centre County Affairs.

Number of prisoners confined to the county jail, during the past year, at the expense of the county, eighty-eight.

One person was sent to the Huntingdon Reformatory and three prisoners were sent to the Western Penitentiary.

Number of bills of indictment presented to the grand jury for the year, seventy-eight; of this number sixty-one were found true bills and seventeen were ignored. There were forty-three bills nol prosed, the cases having been settled or disposed of before reaching the grand jury. There were nine true bills nol prosed by the court, leaving fifty-two commonwealth trials by juries.

An examination of the marriage license docket in the office of Register A. G. Archey shows that during the year 1904 there was granted only 269 marriage licenses, while in 1903 the total was 360 and in 1902 the number granted was 374. The number in 1904 was even away below the average, for in the nineteen years the marriage license law has been in effect, from October 9, 1885, when the first license was granted until October 9, 1904, a total of about 6,460 licenses have been granted, or an average of 340 per year.

No More New Rural Deliveries.

Owing to the exhaustion of funds, the Post Office Department will discontinue the establishment of new rural free delivery routes. There are 400 applications for new routes.

Selling the Johnson Machines.

J. H. and S. E. Weber, Centre Hall and Oak Hall, are selling the Johnson Harvester Company's Binders, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders and Harrows. This Company is not in the trust, and it will pay all farmers to see us before buying. o7

Notice of Caucus.

All Democrats of Potter township are hereby notified that a caucus for nominating township and precinct officers, will be held at Centre Hill, on Saturday, January 28th, 1905 between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock p. m.

G. L. GOODHART,
GEO. H. EMERICK,
J. B. SPANGLER,
Committeemen.

Butcher Shoots Thief.

Butcher Jacob Cass, of near Waddles, in Buffalo Run Valley, shot at and hit a toief in the posterior as he was fleeing from his butcher house, one night last week. The thief's name was Benjamin Etters, his purpose was to steal the carcass of a calf, but was too noisy. The butcher hurriedly secured his revolver, and the result noted above followed. Etters came to the Bellefonte hospital for treatment.

Woodward.

Edna Orndorf is on the sick list.

Dr. Ard and wife left for Philadelphia last Monday.

Mrs. N. W. Eby returned from Yeagertown last week.

'Squire Musser and family spent Sunday with his father at Aaronsburg.

Miss Helen Gephart is visiting her grandfather and grandmother Stover.

Mrs. Kleckner and son, of Glenn Iron, spent a few hours with Mrs. Mary Motz.

A sled load of young and old people spent Tuesday very pleasantly at the home of F. P. Guisewite, near Fiedler.

Daniel Keller and wife, of near Centre Hall, and Charles Wolfe and wife, of Aaronsburg, visited with Mrs. Wolfe last week.

Linden Hall.

Those on the sick list this week are Daniel and Arthur Bohn, Carl Bradford and Mrs. Weibly.

Miss Bessie Searson left last week for Philadelphia, where she will spend the winter with relatives.

Tuesday evening a sled load drove to State College, where they were entertained at the home of Otis Corl.

Monday night a sled load of Boalsburg people drove to Bellefonte where they spent the evening at the home of Samuel Rine.

Miss Sadie Goss and Mrs. S. E. Goss and son were entertained at the hospitable home of J. H. Ross last week, and Mr. and Mrs. John Wieland and son Daniel at the home of F. E. Wieland.

Quite a lot of chemical wood is being hauled from the lumber tract on Nittany Mountain and shipped from this place. James Swabb has charge of the work and employs about twenty men besides four or five teams are kept busy hauling the wood to market.

Among the visitors in town this week were Cal Wieland and family at the home of his brother; Miss Mary Struble, at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Campbell; Miss Whitmer, at the home of John Bohn, and Mr. and Mrs. Cal Ruhl at the home of John Diehl.

Mrs. D. C. Hess returned last week from Elkins, West Virginia, where she has spent several months with her grand-daughter; after only a few days spent at her home in this place, she left for Osceola, where she will spend the remainder of the winter at the home of her daughter.

DEATHS.

HERMAN LONG.

Herman Long died at the home of his mother, Mrs. Benjamin Stemm, a mile east of Boalsburg Saturday morning, of consumption, after a long illness. The deceased was an employe of the Westinghouse company at Pittsburg but about a year ago he was compelled to give up his work on account of ill health and come home.

He would have been twenty-six years old on the 4th of next February. Surviving him are his wife, his mother, sister and half-brother.

He was a prominent Odd Fellow and that order conducted services at the grave. The funeral was held Tuesday morning, Rev. A. A. Black officiating. Interment in the Boalsburg cemetery.

CONRAD STRUBLE.

Death, Wednesday of last week, removed one of Ferguson township's most prominent citizens. The person alluded to is Conrad Struble, who at that time died at the home of his son, Clayton Struble, near Pine Grove Mills. Interment took place Saturday.

Mr. Struble was born at Zion, and was first married to a Miss Swartz, by whom he had three children: Andrew, of Tyrone; Calvin, of Zion, and Clayton, of Pine Grove Mills.

The second wife was Miss Sarah Mitchell, who died several years ago. Three children survive from this marriage.

JOHN HALDERMAN.

John Halderman died at his home at Wallace Run, Wednesday of last week. His age was eighty-three years. He was a member of Co. B, 148th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry and served through the war. He was the father of eight children, who survive him. Interment was made Friday afternoon in Houserville cemetery. Rev. David Davis officiated.

B FRANK BARR.

Frank Barr died at his home near Colyer Thursday of last week. Interment was made at Tusseyville, Saturday, Rev. Daniel Gress officiating. The deceased is survived by a widow and several children.

Mr. Barr was stricken with paralysis, at various times, which caused his death.

Appreciates the Reporter.

A few words accompanying a check for subscription, from Prof. H. C. Rothrock, of Salona, made the Reporter feel as though the paper was worth ten times its present subscription price, and here is the expression: We enjoy the Reporter very much and eagerly await its coming each week. We would feel lost without it.

Aaronsburg.

William Guisewite and family spent part of the Sabbath with friends at Pine Creek.

Miss Blanche Burd returned home after a few months' stay with friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Samuel Long, of Bellevue, Ohio, was the guest of Mrs. Caroline Mayes one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Swabb, of Penn Hall, took supper at the home of Col. J. P. Coburn, Sunday evening.

Lloyd Stover and Sarah Kline spent a day on the Kline farm, in Brush Valley, the latter's former home.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Crouse were at Troxelville visiting Mrs. Crouse's parents, returning home Monday.

Merchant John Detwiler and wife spent a few days with Rev. F. W. Brown and family, at Beaver Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Corman, of Rebersburg, and Mrs. Sparr, of Boalsburg, visited friends in town one day last week.

Clymer Stover has accepted a clerkship with ex-Sheriff Cronister, in Philipsburg, in the tin shop, connected with his hardware store.

Spring Mills.

Rev. John Fenstermaker who has been sick, is improving.

C. E. Zeigler, on Friday made a business trip to Hublersburg.

William Ruhl bought a handsome Portland cutter from S. L. Condo.

H. N. Keller and wife, of Pleasant Gap, were guests at the home of C. E. Zeigler on Sunday.

J. H. McCool and wife, of Rebersburg, spent Wednesday in town and were guests at the home of Samuel Brown.

T. M. Gramley recently bought the Shook Brothers interests in the Spring Mills Creamery, and has now become the sole owner of the plant.

A. N. Finkel, the lumber king, last week moved his saw mill from the Station to Smithtown, where he will operate on the Dr. Musser tract.

The house and lot owned by James H. McCool, of Rebersburg, located on the "hill" and occupied by Thomas Decker, was sold last week to C. E Zeigler, who will occupy it in the spring.

A large delegation of the Odd Fellows' fraternity of Bellefonte, took advantage of the fine sleighing on Friday night and came here to visit the Spring Mills Lodge, and spent a delightful evening.

AUTOS FOR ROYALTY.

Furnished for Earl of Dartmouth by Caulkins & Post Co.

The following is taken from the Middletown (Connecticut) Tribune, and refers to one of Centre Hall's young men. Mr. Kerlin at present is in New York city at an auto show:

The Caulkins & Post Co. sent two of their large Knox touring cars in charge of Chauffeurs James F. Corbet and Edwin M. Kerlin to Avon, recently, on request of Miss Boreham, who was entertaining the Earl and Countess of Dartmouth and their daughter, Lady Dorothy of England, at the residence of Joseph Alsop, Jr., formerly of this city. They met the Earl and party at Springfield, Mass., and drove them to Avon. During Saturday and Sunday the cars were used much of the time in visiting and sightseeing. Messrs. Corbet and Kerlin returned home Monday evening following.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

[The rate for announcements under this head for Township offices is one dollar, in advance.]

I kindly ask the support of the Democratic voters in Potter township, at the approaching caucus, for the office of Constable. If nominated, I will use every honorable means to secure my election, and promise the best services possible, if elected.

Very truly,
JAMES HORNER.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be offered at public sale on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1905, 10 A. M.,

on tract No. 2, hereinafter described, all those two certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate in the township of Gregg, county of Centre, State of Pennsylvania, three miles north of Spring Mills, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

No. 1. On the north by lands of John B. Ream, on the east by land of John B. Ream, Abraham Lose, Jacob Detwiler, Ruth Armbrewster and William Weaver's estate, on the south by lands of George Armbrewster, and on the west by land of Samuel Homan and Aaron Long, containing 200 acres, more or less. Excepting and reserving from the said described property, tract No. 1, the property herein described and known as the Penn's Cave property. Thereon erected a house, barn and outbuilding, almost new. About 175 acres are in a good state of cultivation, balance in timber. The house is 26x30 feet, barn 45x26 feet. Farm is well located and desirable in every way.

SAW MILL. A well equipped saw mill, power furnished by turbine water wheel.

ALSO, tenement house, 16x27 feet, and blacksmith shop 20x30 feet.

No. 2. PENN'S CAVE. Beginning at a stone in the public road leading to Farmers Mills, thence along said road and land of George Long north 61 1-2 degrees east 48 perches to stones, thence north 29 1-2 degrees east 20 perches to stones, thence south 61 1-2 degrees west 48 perches to stones, thence south 29 1-2 degrees east 20 perches to the place of beginning, containing six acres neat measure, together with all the privileges in and under the ground as far as the same is hollow or can be reached by entering said Cave, thereon erected Penn's Cave Hotel, stable and outbuildings.

TERMS. Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, the balance of one-third of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year, and the balance in two years, with interest, the deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

Jesse Long, who owns the undivided one-half interest in the above described premises, will offer the same for sale at the time and place above mentioned.

LEWIS KORMAN, JESSE LONG,
Admrs. of Samuel Long, dec'd.
GETTIG, BOWER AND ZERBY, Attys. Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A very desirable property, situated in Gregg township, Centre county, near Spring Mills, Pa.; containing 22 acres, more or less, of very fertile soil, under good cultivation. An orchard of choice and good-bearing apple trees. The house is large and of brick with Mansard roof, and contains 17 rooms; large outbuilding, story and a half, for kitchen purposes. Well of good water by the door and large cistern. Wood-house, smoke-house, chicken-house, good barn, carriage-house and other outbuildings. Property was formerly occupied by the late James G. Evans and family. Terms made known by undersigned.

REV. L. K EVANS.
221 King St.,
Jan. 12. Pottstown, Pa.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Martha C. Grady, late of Coopersown, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

GEO. M. BOAL, Executor,
November 24, 1904. Centre Hall, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Nancy Yeager, late Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

W. S. MINGLE, Executor,
Nov. 10, 1904. Centre Hall, Pa.

THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low-down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to

H. D. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, Pa.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—The undersigned offers for sale or rent his farm located one mile east of Potters Mills, containing about one hundred acres, seventy of which are under cultivation. The buildings are in good condition and conveniently arranged; there is good fruit on the farm and running water at both house and barn. This is a good opportunity to secure a farm at less than its real value. Apply in person or write to

M. J. DECKER,
Centre Hall, Pa.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers at private sale the farm one and one-half miles west of Centre Hall, on Brush Valley road, known as the Heckman farm, containing about one hundred and twenty-seven acres, seventeen acres being good timber.

GOOD BUILDINGS AND WATER

A new farm house was built on this place last summer; the barn is large and in good repair. There is running water at both house and barn. The farm is well located and is a desirable and pleasant place to live.

This farm will be sold very cheap, as the owner has no desire to be burdened with the trouble of looking after the property.

For further particulars write or apply in person to

M. B. HERING,
Spring Mills, Pa.

AUSTIN THOMAS, M. D.
(ALLOPATH.)
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
CENTRE HALL, PA.
Office and residence at Miss Lizzie Runkle's on Main street. Calls attended to day or night.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
No. 19 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to.

Teachers' Local Institute

District No. 2—Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, February 3 and 4—Three Sessions—Program Interspersed With Music.

FRIDAY, 7 O'CLOCK.

Invocation . . . . . Rev. Daniel Gress
Address of Welcome . . . . . D. K. Keller
Response . . . . . Theodore Rupp
Discussion: "Co-operation of Teacher and Parents." Opened by Miss Alif Stephens, J. B. Strohm, Rev. W. H. Schuyler.
Discussion: "Will the Teachers' New Salary Law Increase the Standard of Teachers?" Opened by M. A. Sankey, Rev. J. M. Rearick, S. W. Smith.

SATURDAY, 9 O'CLOCK.

Invocation . . . . . Rev. J. F. Shultz
Discussion: "How to Create Interest in Uninteresting Things." Opened by W. S. Gerhart, Miss Gertrude Wieland, Harry Burkholder.
Discussion: "Are Monthly Tests Beneficial and in what Way?" Opened by H. M. Hosterman, J. R. Bible, Claude K. Stahl.
Discussion: "Reading and Composition Methods." Opened by Misses Maude Irvin, Edna Krumrine, Rebecca Moyer.

SATURDAY, 1 O'CLOCK.

Discussion: "Should Common School Branches be taught in the Township High School?" Opened by Theodore Rupp, Miss Effie Snyder, M. E. Heberling.

THE YEAR 1905

Finds us prepared to serve you in all lines of House Furnishings, from a

COOK STOVE
TO A PIANO

We meet all opposition midway, and cannot be undersold by any one. Our goods must be as represented. They are so in every case.

We take this opportunity to thank you for your patronage in the past and at the same time solicit a continuance of it.

JOHN SMITH & BRO.
SPRING MILLS.

THE BEST SHOES

Thinking of Buying Shoes?

Here's Information for You. Yeager & Davis . . . . .

Have the most complete family Shoe Store in Centre county where every member of the family can find Variety, Style, Fit, Finish, Comfort, Price and General Satisfaction. We do not claim all and the only good shoe made, but we do have the very best to be had in the different grades and our prices are the lowest.

To prove the above we ask you to examine the list of the goods we have, or, better still, come in person and look over the shoes in stock. It will satisfy you that our claims are based on solid facts and that this is the place to buy footwear. We do business on the live and let live plan. Treat all alike, and have but one price.

Our Leading Lines Always In Stock . . . . . .

For Men	For Women . . . .
STETSON	JOHN H. CROSS
BILT WELL	DOROTHY DODD SHOES
WALK OVER	YEAGER & DAVIS SPECIAL

We have the well known Freed Brothers Working Shoes.

We have a full line of Tan Shoes, high and low cuts,
We can give you men's all leather shoes for dress or work for $1.00
We can give you women's all leather shoes, high or low cut, for $1.00
Why shuffle about in shoes too large
Or limp in a pair too small,
When Yeager & Davis have sizes to fit you all.
Style, Finish, Durability and Prices guaranteed to give satisfaction.

YEAGER & DAVIS
BELLEFONTE, PA.

YEAGER & DAVIS

Here We Are For
1905

Come to our Store and compare our prices and Furniture with those of any other dealer and you will be convinced that we save you money.

HERE ARE A FEW:

Quartered Oak Side Board . . $17.50
Good Oak Chamber Suit $17.50
Finely Polished Quartered Oak Library Tables $7.75
Iron Bed and Spring $7.00

...REARICK BROS...
Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors . . .
CENTRE HALL.